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TITLE 3—THE PRESIDENT

LETTER OF JUNE 30, 1949

[APPOINTMENT OF ACTING ADMINISTRATOR OF GENERAL SERVICES; STATEMENT OF POLICY UNDER THE FEDERAL PROPERTY AND ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICES ACT OF 1949]

THE WHITE HOUSE,
Washington, June 30, 1949.

MY DEAR MR. LARSON: I have today signed H. R. 4754 which was passed by the Congress "To simplify the procurement, utilization, and disposal of Government property, to reorganize certain agencies of the Government, and for other purposes." Pursuant to the authority of the new Act, I hereby designate you to perform temporarily, pending the appointment of the first Administrator of General Services, the functions of that officer, with the title of "Acting Administrator of General Services."

The Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949 consolidates functions which until now have been carried out piece-meal under some 38 overlapping statutes dating back of 1870. A better system of property and records management has been needed by the Federal Government for many years.

An important responsibility is vested in the Administrator of General Services to achieve effective and economical results in the property management field and to insure that the General Services Administration affords the operating agencies the type of service requisite for the successful conduct of their programs.

The Act requires that a fair proportion of all procurement shall be placed with small business concerns. It also states that all purchases and contracts for supplies and services shall be made by advertising, except under circumstances specified in the Act where exceptions to this general policy may be made.

The Act also grants civilian agencies unprecedented freedom from specific procurement restrictions during peacetime. That freedom is given to permit the flexibility and latitude needed in present day activities. The basic need, however, remains to assure favorable price and adequate service to the Government. To the degree that restrictions have been diminished, therefore, responsibility upon the General Services Administration has been increased.

There is always the danger that the natural desire for flexibility and speed in procurement may lead to excessive placement of contracts by negotiations and undue reliance upon large concerns. This must not occur.

I am therefore asking you to undertake a study looking toward the issuance of detailed standards to guide procurement officers in carrying out the intent of this law to insure a fair and substantial proportion of contract placement with small business establishments. I am relying upon your discretion to delegate the authority to negotiate contracts so that it will be used sparingly and with care, and so that it may be promptly withdrawn when necessary.

In order to make this policy uniform in the Federal Government, I am asking you to make an annual report which will show, as of the end of each fiscal year, the total value and the proportion in each agency of contracts under individual exceptions to competitive bidding the total value and the proportion in each agency of contracts placed with small business concerns, and any other pertinent information.

I have heretofore required the three departments of the National Military Establishment, and the Coast Guard and the National Advisory Committee for Aeronautics, to make similar reports under Public Law 413, 80th Congress. In the interest of uniformity, the General Services Administration should utilize the definition of small business which those agencies are currently using.

Sincerely yours,

HARRY S. TRUMAN

Hon. JESS LARSON,
Administrator,
Federal Works Agency,
Washington 25, D. C.

[F. R. Doc. 49-5543; Filed, July 5, 1949; 11:17 a. m.]

LETTER OF JULY 1, 1949

[IMPLEMENTATION OF THE FEDERAL PROPERTY AND ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICES ACT OF 1949]

THE WHITE HOUSE,
Washington, July 1, 1949.

TO ALL EXECUTIVE AGENCIES: By virtue of the authority vested in me by section

(Continued on p. 3701)

CONTENTS

THE PRESIDENT

EXECUTIVE AGENCIES

FEDERAL REGISTER

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CONTENTS—Continued

CONTENTS—Continued

CONTENTS—Continued

CODIFICATION GUIDE

A numerical list of the parts of the Code of Federal Regulations affected by documents published in this issue. Proposed rules, as opposed to final actions, are identified as such.

CODIFICATION GUIDE—Con.

205 (a) of the Act entitled "An Act to simplify the procurement, utilization and disposal of Government property, to reorganize certain agencies of the Government, and for other purposes," approved June 30, 1949 (the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949) it is hereby directed that:

1. In cooperation with other interested agencies, the Administrator of General Services shall institute studies and surveys to determine the extent to which existing policies, procedures and directives heretofore promulgated and remaining in force under section 501 of the Act, should be modified or revoked in the interest of promoting greater economy and efficiency in accomplishing the purposes of this Act. Careful attention shall be given to determining the degree of centralization in the General Services Administration to be attained in the performance of the functions involved. When these studies and surveys have been completed and after consulting with the interested agencies, the Administrator shall prescribe such regulations as may be necessary to implement the determinations resulting from such studies and surveys.

2. After consultation with the Bureau of the Budget and other Executive agencies, and also with the General Accounting Office in respect of such matters as may be appropriate, including matters affecting its functions under sections 205 (b) and 206 (c) of the Act, and at the earliest possible date, the Administrator of General Services shall establish such standards, prescribe such regulations, and prepare and issue such manuals and procedures as may be necessary to guide all Executive agencies in ascertaining whether their operations in the field of property and records management are efficient and economical as well as consistent with established Government policies.

3. In accordance with directives to be issued by the Administrator of General Services, each Executive agency shall promptly institute surveys to determine excess personal property and that portion of excess real property, including unimproved property, under their control which might be suitable for office, storage, and related facilities, and shall promptly report to the Administrator as soon as each survey is completed.

4. Each Executive agency shall carefully plan and schedule its requirements for supplies, equipment, materials and all other personal property in order that necessary stocks may be maintained at minimum levels and high-cost small-lot purchasing avoided.

5. Under section 201 (c) of the Act, Executive agencies are permitted to apply exchange allowances and proceeds of sale in payment of property acquired. The Administrator shall promptly prescribe regulations specifying the extent to which Executive agencies may exercise this authority, and pending the issuance of such regulations, no Executive agency shall exercise this authority except to the extent permitted by, and in accordance with the provisions of, statutes in force prior to the taking effect of this Act.

6. Section 502 (d) of the Act provides that certain programs and functions now being carried on by various Executive agencies shall not be impaired or affected by the provisions of the Act. However, the attention of these agencies is called specifically to the purposes of this legislation and they shall, insofar as practicable, procure, utilize and dispose of property in accordance with the provisions of the Act and the regulations issued thereunder in order that the greatest overall efficiency and economy may be effected. These same agencies shall also cooperate with the Administrator of General Services in the making of surveys of property and property management practices and in the establishment of inventory levels as provided in section 206 (a) (1) and (2) of the Act.

HARRY S. TRUMAN

[F. R. Doc. 49-5539; Filed, July 5, 1949; 10:52 a. m.]

RULES AND REGULATIONS

TITLE 7—AGRICULTURE

Subtitle A—Office of the Secretary of Agriculture

PART 4—WAR FOOD ORDERS (PRODUCTION AND MARKETING ADMINISTRATION)

AGRICULTURE-IMPORT ORDER

The continuation of import controls with respect to the fats and oils and rice and rice products listed in Appendix A to War Food Order No. 63 is essential to the acquisition or distribution of products in world short supply and the orderly liquidation of temporary surpluses of stocks owned or controlled by the Government.

Now, therefore, pursuant to the authority vested in me, War Food Order No. 63, as amended (14 F. R. 1733), is reissued and redesignated Agriculture-Import Order. Wherever the term War Food Order 63 is used therein the term Agriculture-Import Order shall be inserted in lieu thereof.

This amendment shall become effective immediately. With respect to violations, rights accrued, liabilities incurred, or appeals taken prior to the issuance of this order, under War Food Order No. 63, as amended, all provisions of said order shall be deemed to remain in full force for the purpose of sustaining any proper suit, action, or other proceeding with respect to any such violation, right, liability, or appeal.

(E. O. 9280, Dec. 5, 1942, 7 F. R. 10179; E. O. 9577, June 29, 1945, 10 F. R. 8087)

Issued this 1st day of July 1949.

[SEAL] CHARLES F. BRANNAN, *Secretary of Agriculture.*

[F. R. Doc. 49-5544; Filed, July 5, 1949; 11:10 a. m.]

TITLE 16—COMMERCIAL PRACTICES

Chapter I—Federal Trade Commission

PART 3—DIGEST OF CEASE AND DESIST ORDERS

CHANGE IN NUMBERING SYSTEM

EDITORIAL NOTE: Beginning with this issue of the FEDERAL REGISTER the subparts and sections cited in cease and desist orders digested in this part follow the numbering system used in the Code of Federal Regulations, 1949 Edition. In previous issues the numbering system of the 1938 Edition and its supplements has been used.

[Docket No. 5004]

PART 3—DIGEST OF CEASE AND DESIST ORDERS

TRU-HEALTH GARMENTS CORP.

Subpart—*Advertising falsely or misleadingly:* § 3.110 *Indorsements, approval and testimonials;* § 3.170 *Qualities or properties of product or service;* § 3.205 *Scientific or other relevant facts.* Subpart—*Claiming indorsements or testimonials falsely;* § 3.330 *Claiming indorsements or testimonials falsely.* In connection with the offering for sale, sale or distribution of respondent's devices designated "Tru-Health Belts" and "Tru-Health Shoulder Braces" or any other device of substantially similar construction or performing substantially similar functions, whether sold under the same names or under any other names, disseminating, etc., any advertisements by means of the United States mails, or in commerce, or by any means to induce, etc., directly or indirectly, the purchase in commerce, etc., of respondent's said devices, which advertisements represent directly or by implication (a) that the use of respondent's Tru-Health Belt will prevent or correct malformations or malpositions of the human body; (b) that the use of respondent's Tru-Health Belt will enable the wearer to regain or maintain health or posture in excess of

affording support while being worn; (c) that the use of respondent's Tru-Health Belt will correct or prevent dropped stomach or ptosis; (d) that the use of respondent's Tru-Health Belt will provide adequate or effective support for sacroiliac conditions of the spinal column, the kidneys, or the muscles of the back in excess of affording support as long as worn; (e) that the use of respondent's Tru-Health Belt is indicated for after-pregnancy or abdominal operations; (f) that the use of respondent's Tru-Health Belt will prevent slouching or sagging of parts of the body or cause wearers thereof to stand erect or give them strength and vitality or prevent sluggishness or fatigue in excess of affording support as long as worn; (g) that the use of respondent's Tru-Health Belt will permanently reduce the waist line, hips, or abdomen; (h) that respondent's Tru-Health Belt is suitable for use in sports activities or that its use will improve proficiency at any game; (i) that respondent's Tru-Health Belt has been endorsed, approved, or recommended by physicians generally or that it has been recommended in other than certain individual cases; (j) that the use of respondent's Tru-Health Shoulder Braces will prevent or correct malformations or malpositions of the human body or enable the wearers thereof to develop, regain, or maintain their health or correct posture in excess of affording support as long as worn; (k) that the use of respondent's Tru-Health Shoulder Braces will prevent slouching or straighten the shoulders; (l) that the use of respondent's Tru-Health Shoulder Braces will hold shoulders correctly, give military erectness, or support the muscles of the back in excess of affording support as long as worn; (m) that the use of respondent's Tru-Health Shoulder Braces will expand the chest, force deep breathing, or eliminate the causes of casual ailments; (n) that the use of respondent's Tru-Health Shoulder Braces have any significant effect upon a person with a scrawny-looking appearance; (o) that the use of respondent's Tru-Health Shoulder Braces will slenderize the abdomen, waist, or hips, or be beneficial to persons regardless of weight, age, or size, in excess of affording support as long as worn; (p) that the use of respondent's Tru-Health Shoulder Braces will cause children to grow healthy, strong, and be well developed; (q) that the use of respondent's Tru-Health Shoulder Braces will improve the female form or serve to uplift the bust in excess of affording support as long as worn; or, (r) that respondent's devices, Tru-Health Belt or Tru-Health Shoulder Braces, have any preventive, therapeutic, or corrective properties or that they have any usefulness other than providing a measure of support to and a change of position of certain parts of the body to which they may be applied during the time the said devices are worn; prohibited. (Sec. 5, 38 Stat. 719, as amended by sec. 3, 52 Stat. 112; 15 U. S. C., sec. 45b) [Cease and desist order, Tru-Health Garments Corporation, Docket 5004, June 2, 1949]

At a regular session of the Federal Trade Commission, held at its office in the city of Washington, D. C., on the 2d day of June A. D. 1949.

This proceeding having been heard by the Federal Trade Commission upon the complaint of the Commission, the answer of the respondent, and a stipulation as to the facts, in which stipulation the respondent waived all intervening procedure and further hearings as to said facts, and the Commission having made its findings as to the facts and its conclusion that said respondent had violated the provisions of the Federal Trade Commission Act;

It is ordered, That the respondent, Tru-Health Garments Corporation, a corporation, and its officers, representatives, and employees, directly or through any corporate or other device in connection with the offering for sale, sale or distribution of respondent's devices designated "Tru-Health Belts" and "Tru-Health Shoulder Braces" or any other device of substantially similar construction or performing substantially similar functions, whether sold under the same names or under any other names, do forthwith cease and desist from:

1. Disseminating or causing to be disseminated any advertisement by means of the United States mails or by any means in commerce as "commerce" is defined in the Federal Trade Commission Act, which advertisement represents directly or by implication:

(a) That the use of respondent's Tru-Health Belt will prevent or correct malformations or malpositions of the human body;

(b) That the use of respondent's Tru-Health Belt will enable the wearer to regain or maintain health or posture in excess of affording support while being worn;

(c) That the use of respondent's Tru-Health Belt will correct or prevent dropped stomach or ptosis;

(d) That the use of respondent's Tru-Health Belt will provide adequate or effective support for sacroiliac conditions of the spinal column, the kidneys, or the muscles of the back in excess of affording support as long as worn;

(e) That the use of respondent's Tru-Health Belt is indicated for after-pregnancy or abdominal operations;

(f) That the use of respondent's Tru-Health Belt will prevent slouching or sagging of parts of the body or cause wearers thereof to stand erect or give them strength and vitality or prevent sluggishness or fatigue in excess of affording support as long as worn;

(g) That the use of respondent's Tru-Health Belt will permanently reduce the waist line, hips, or abdomen;

(h) That respondent's Tru-Health Belt is suitable for use in sports activities or that its use will improve proficiency at any game;

(i) That respondent's Tru-Health Belt has been endorsed, approved, or recommended by physicians generally or that it has been recommended in other than certain individual cases;

(j) That the use of respondent's Tru-Health Shoulder Braces will prevent or correct malformations or malpositions of the human body or enable the wearers thereof to develop, regain, or maintain their health or correct posture in excess of affording support as long as worn;

(k) That the use of respondent's Tru-Health Shoulder Braces will prevent slouching or straighten the shoulders;

(l) That the use of respondent's Tru-Health Shoulder Braces will hold shoulders correctly, give military erectness, or support the muscles of the back in excess of affording support as long as worn;

(m) That the use of respondent's Tru-Health Shoulder Braces will expand the chest, force deep breathing, or eliminate the causes of casual ailments;

(n) That the use of respondent's Tru-Health Shoulder Braces have any significant effect upon a person with a scrawny-looking appearance;

(o) That the use of respondent's Tru-Health Shoulder Braces will slenderize the abdomen, waist, or hips, or be beneficial to persons regardless of weight, age, or size, in excess of affording support as long as worn;

(p) That the use of respondent's Tru-Health Shoulder Braces will cause children to grow healthy, strong, and be well developed;

(q) That the use of respondent's Tru-Health Shoulder Braces will improve the female form or serve to uplift the bust in excess of affording support as long as worn;

(r) That respondent's devices, Tru-Health Belt or Tru-Health Shoulder Braces, have any preventive, therapeutic, or corrective properties or that they have any usefulness other than providing a measure of support to and a change of position of certain parts of the body to which they may be applied during the time the said devices are worn.

2. Disseminating or causing to be disseminated any advertisement by any means for the purpose of inducing or which is likely to induce, directly or indirectly, the purchase in commerce, as "commerce" is defined in the Federal Trade Commission Act, of respondent's devices, "Tru-Health Belts" and "Tru-Health Shoulder Braces", which advertisements contain any of the representations prohibited in Paragraph 1 hereof.

It is further ordered, That the respondent against whom this order is directed shall, within sixty (60) days after service upon it of this order, file with the Commission a report in writing setting forth in detail the manner and form in which it has complied with this order.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] D. C. DANIEL,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 49-5383; Filed, July 5, 1949; 8:46 a. m.]

[Docket No. 5583]

PART 3—DIGEST OF CEASE AND DESIST ORDERS

EVANSTON LABORATORIES, INC., ET AL.

Subpart—*Advertising falsely or misleadingly:* § 3.20 *Comparative data or merits;* § 3.30 *Composition of goods;* § 3.170 *Qualities or properties of product or service;* § 3.205 *Scientific or other relevant facts.* In connection with the offering for sale, sale, or distribution of re-

spondents' medicinal preparation designated "Red Cell Caps", or any other preparation of substantially similar composition or possessing substantially similar properties, whether sold under the same name or under any other name, disseminating, etc., any advertisements by means of the United States mails, or in commerce, or by any means to induce, etc., directly or indirectly, the purchase in commerce, etc., of said preparation, which advertisements represent, directly or by implication (a) that the use of respondents' preparation will increase the red cell count or the amount of hemoglobin in the blood; (b) that the use of respondents' preparation will improve the quality or increase the potency of the blood, (c) that respondents' preparation provides blood building solids comparable to that supplied by raw whole blood in blood transfusions, or that its use, orally, has any effect or result comparable to those obtained by blood transfusion; (d) that respondents' preparation will provide sufficient amounts of iron, copper, amino acids, proteins, carotene or other vital blood elements so as to cause any appreciable change in the condition or improvement of the blood; (e) that respondents' preparation has any effect in the aid of digestion; (f) that respondents' preparation will eliminate constipation or have any value in the treatment of constipation; (g) that respondents' preparation has any value as a dietary supplement; (h) that respondents' preparation is effective in the treatment of secondary anemia, hydremia in pregnancy, or for loss of blood during menstruation; (i) that respondents' preparation has any beneficial effect in fortifying the blood or has any beneficial effect upon the blood during the menopause; (j) that respondents' preparation has any value in the treatment of stomach or bowel disorders or that it will relieve the distress of ulcerated stomach or bowels; (k) that respondents' preparation is a cure or remedy for nutritional anemia or that it constitutes a competent or effective treatment therefor; or, (l) that any substantial number of persons are suffering from nutritional anemia unless based upon reliable and authentic statistics; prohibited. (Sec. 5, 38 Stat. 719, as amended by sec. 3, 52 Stat. 112; 15 U. S. C., sec. 45b) [Cease and desist order, Evanston Laboratories, Inc. et al., Docket 5583, June 3, 1949]

At a regular session of the Federal Trade Commission held at its office in the city of Washington, D. C., on the 3d day of June A. D. 1949.

In the Matter of Evanston Laboratories, Inc., a Corporation, and Merle Slane, Roy Iverson, and Emil Levin, Individually and as Officers of Evanston Laboratories, Inc.

This proceeding having been heard by the Federal Trade Commission upon the complaint of the Commission and the answer of the respondents Evanston Laboratories, Inc., and Merle Slane, individually and as an officer of Evanston Laboratories, Inc., in which answer said respondents admit all material allegations of fact set forth in said complaint, and state that they waive all intervening procedure and further hearings as to said facts, and the answer of the respondents Roy Iverson and Emil Levin, with supporting affidavits setting forth that they were made officers of the corporate respondent solely for the purpose of protecting the financial interests of their clients and did not participate in the acts and practices charged in the complaint, and the Commission having made its findings as to the facts and its conclusion that the respondents Evanston Laboratories, Inc., a corporation, and Merle Slane, individually and as an officer of Evanston Laboratories, Inc., have violated the provisions of the Federal Trade Commission Act:

It is ordered, That the respondents Evanston Laboratories, Inc., a corporation, and its officers, and respondent Merle Slane, individually, and their respective agents, representatives and employees, directly or through any corporate or other device, in connection with the offering for sale, sale, or distribution of respondents' medicinal preparation designated "Red Cell Caps", or any other preparation of substantially similar composition or possessing substantially similar properties, whether sold under the same name or under any other name, do forthwith cease and desist from:

1. Disseminating or causing to be disseminated any advertisement by means of the United States mails, or by any means, in commerce, as "commerce" is defined in the Federal Trade Commission Act, which advertisement represents, directly or by implication:

(a) That the use of respondents' preparation will increase the red cell count or the amount of hemoglobin in the blood;

(b) That the use of respondents' preparation will improve the quality or increase the potency of the blood;

(c) That respondents' preparation provides blood building solids comparable to that supplied by raw whole blood in blood transfusions, or that its use, orally, has any effect or result comparable to those obtained by blood transfusion;

(d) That respondents' preparation will provide sufficient amounts of iron, copper, amino acids, proteins, carotene or other vital blood elements so as to cause any appreciable change in the condition or improvement of the blood;

(e) That respondents' preparation has any effect in the aid of digestion;

(f) That respondents' preparation will eliminate constipation or have any value in the treatment of constipation;

(g) That respondents' preparation has any value as a dietary supplement;

(h) That respondents' preparation is effective in the treatment of secondary anemia, hydremia in pregnancy, or for loss of blood during menstruation;

(i) That respondents' preparation has any beneficial effect in fortifying the blood or has any beneficial effect upon the blood during the menopause;

(j) That respondents' preparation has any value in the treatment of stomach or bowel disorders or that it will relieve the distress of ulcerated stomach or bowels;

(k) That respondents' preparation is a cure or remedy for nutritional anemia or that it constitutes a competent or effective treatment therefor;

(l) That any substantial number of persons are suffering from nutritional anemia unless based upon reliable and authentic statistics.

2. Disseminating or causing to be disseminated any advertisement by any means for the purpose of inducing or which is likely to induce, directly or indirectly, the purchase in commerce, as "commerce" is defined in the Federal Trade Commission Act, of respondents' preparation "Red Cell Caps," which advertisements contain any of the representations prohibited in paragraph "1" hereof.

It is further ordered, That the complaint be dismissed as to the respondents Roy Iverson and Emil Levin, individually and as officers of Evanston Laboratories, Inc.

It is further ordered, That the respondents against whom this order is directed shall, within sixty (60) days after service upon them of this order, file with the Commission a report in writing, setting forth in detail the manner and form in which they have complied with this order.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] D. C. DANIEL, *Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 49-5384; Filed, July 5, 1949; 8:46 a. m.]

TITLE 19—CUSTOMS DUTIES

Chapter I—Bureau of Customs, Department of the Treasury

[T. D. 52258]

PART 4—VESSELS IN FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC TRADES

DIVERSION OF VESSELS; RECORDS OF ENTRY AND CLEARANCE OF VESSELS

1. Section 4.91, Customs Regulations of 1943 (19 CFR, Cum. Supp., 4.91), is amended by redesignating paragraph (b) as (c), and by inserting a new paragraph (b) reading as follows:

§ 4.91 *Diversion of vessel; transshipment of cargo.* * * *

(b) If any vessel in ballast cleared from a port in the United States for a foreign port as provided for in § 4.60 is diverted, while en route, to a port in the United States other than that from which it was cleared, the owner or agent of the vessel immediately shall give notice of the diversion to the collector who granted the clearance, informing him of the new destination of the vessel and requesting him to notify the collector at the latter port. Such notification by the collector shall constitute a permit to proceed coastwise, and shall authorize the vessel to proceed to the new destination. On arrival at the new destination, the master shall report arrival within 24 hours. He shall also make entry within 48 hours by presenting (1) the vessel's document, (2) the foreign clearance on Form 1378 granted by the collector at the port of departure, (3) a copy of the outward foreign manifest on Form 1374 filed at the latter port to which a copy of Form 1385

has been attached with subdivision 6 thereof, appropriately modified by the substitution of the word "attached" for the word "foregoing," completely executed, (4) a list in duplicate of all unentered articles acquired abroad by the officers and crew of the vessel which are still retained on board, and (5) a list in duplicate of the stores on board.

(R. S. 161, sec. 2, 23 Stat. 118, sec. 624, 46 Stat. 759; 5 U. S. C. 22, 19 U. S. C. 1624, 46 U. S. C. 2; sec. 102, Reorg. Plan No. 3 of 1946; 3 CFR, 1946 Supp., ch. IV)

2. Section 4.95, Customs Regulations of 1943 (19 CFR, Cum. Supp., 4.95) is amended by inserting the following immediately after the first sentence: "Whenever a vessel is diverted as provided for in § 4.91 (a) or (b), Customs Form 1401 (Customs Form 1400–A and 1401–A at New York) shall be amended to show the new destination."

(R. S. 161, sec. 2, 23 Stat. 118; 5 U. S. C. 22, 46 U. S. C. 2, sec. 102, Reorg. Plan No. 3 of 1946; 3 CFR, 1946 Supp., ch. IV)

[SEAL] FRANK DOW,
Acting Commissioner of Customs.

Approved: June 28, 1949.

E. H. FOLEY, Jr.,
Acting Secretary of the Treasury.

[F. R. Doc. 49–5429; Filed, July 5, 1949; 8:54 a. m.]

[T. D. 52255]

PART 4—VESSELS IN FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC TRADE

PART 5—CUSTOMS RELATIONS WITH CONTIGUOUS FOREIGN TERRITORY

PERMITS AND SPECIAL LICENSES FOR UNLADING AND LADING

1. Section 4.30, Customs Regulations of 1943 (19 CFR, Cum. Supp., 4.30), as amended by T. D. 52204, is hereby amended by substituting "(f) or (g)" for "(e) or (f)" in paragraphs (a) and (d) and "(f)" for "(e)" in paragraph (g).

(R. S. 2793, as amended, secs. 446, 448, 450, 452, 453, 454, 490, 624, 46 Stat. 713, 714, 715, 716, 726, 759, sec. 451, 46 Stat. 715, as amended; 19 U. S. C. 288, 1446, 1448, 1450, 1451, 1452, 1453, 1454, 1490, 1624)

2. Section 5.2 (d), Customs Regulations of 1943 (19 CFR, Cum. Supp., 5.2 (d)), as amended, is hereby further amended by substituting "(f) and (g)" for "(e) and (f)" in the second and third sentences.

(R. S. 251, sec. 624, 46 Stat. 759; 19 U. S. C. 66, 1624)

[SEAL] W. R. JOHNSON,
Acting Commissioner of Customs.

Approved: June 21, 1949.

E. H. FOLEY, Jr.,
Acting Secretary of the Treasury.

[F. R. Doc. 49–5432; Filed, July 5, 1949; 8:54 a. m.]

[T. D. 52259]

PART 10—ARTICLES CONDITIONALLY FREE, SUBJECT TO A REDUCED RATE, ETC.

INTERNATIONAL TRAFFIC; VEHICLES ON REGULARLY SCHEDULED TRIPS

Sections 10.41 (f) and (h) and 10.42 (f) and (g), Customs Regulations of 1943, relating to trucks, busses, and taxicabs engaged in international traffic, amended.

1. Section 10.41 (f), Customs Regulations of 1943 (19 CFR, Cum. Supp., 10.41 (f)), is amended by deleting the matter following the first comma in the second sentence and substituting therefor the following: "except that in the case of any such vehicle in use on a regularly scheduled trip in international traffic over an established route, whether or not merchandise or passengers are carried between points in the foreign country or between points in the United States as incidents of the international traffic, the vehicle shall be admitted without the issuance of a certificate on customs Form 4447, the surrender of a registration card, or other entry formality for the vehicle."

(R. S. 251, sec. 624, 46 Stat. 759; 19 U. S. C. 66, 1624)

2. Section 10.41 (h), Customs Regulations of 1943 (19 CFR Cum. Supp., 10.41 (h)), as amended by T. D. 51868 (13 F. R. 1664), is further amended by inserting after the word "aircraft" in the first sentence the following: "but not including a vehicle admitted on a regularly scheduled trip in international traffic".

(R. S. 251, sec. 624, 46 Stat. 759; 19 U. S. C. 66, 1624)

3. Section 10.42 (f), Customs Regulations of 1943 (19 CFR, Cum. Supp., 10.42 (f)), is amended by inserting ", otherwise than in the course of a regularly scheduled trip in international traffic," after the word "country" in the second sentence, and by adding the following sentence at the end of the paragraph: "Trucks, busses, and taxicabs in use on regularly scheduled trips in international traffic, which regular trips may include the incidental carrying of merchandise or passengers for hire between points in a foreign country or between points in this country, shall be admitted without entry and without the payment of duty."

4. Section 10.42 (g), Customs Regulations of 1943 (19 CFR, Cum. Supp., 10.42 (g)), is amended by deleting "or" at the beginning of the last clause of the first sentence and by changing the period at the end of the first sentence to a comma and adding the following: "or by reason of repairs which are incidental to the regular use of the vehicle in international traffic."

(R. S. 251, sec. 624, 46 Stat. 759; 19 U. S. C. 66, 1624)

[SEAL] FRANK DOW,
Acting Commissioner of Customs.

Approved: June 28, 1949.

E. H. FOLEY, Jr.,
Acting Secretary of the Treasury.

[F. R. Doc. 49–5428; Filed, July 5, 1949; 8:54 a. m.]

TITLE 24—HOUSING AND HOUSING CREDIT

Chapter VIII—Office of Housing Expediter

[Controlled Housing Rent Reg.,[1] Amdt. 122]

PART 825—RENT REGULATIONS UNDER THE HOUSING AND RENT ACT OF 1947, AS AMENDED

FLORIDA AND KANSAS

The Controlled Housing Rent Regulation (§§ 825.1 to 825.12) is amended in the following respects:

1. Schedule A, Item 62b, is amended to read as follows:

(62b) [Revoked and decontrolled.]

This decontrols from §§ 825.1 to 825.12 the entire Polk County, Florida, Defense-Rental Area, consisting of Polk County, Florida, on the basis that the State of Florida has declared by law that rent control is no longer necessary in said Polk County and notified the Housing Expediter of that fact.

This decontrol of the Polk County, Florida, Defense-Rental Area shall become effective July 7, 1949.

2. Schedule A, Item 66, is amended to read as follows:

(66) [Revoked and decontrolled.]

This decontrols from §§ 825.1 to 825.12 the entire Tampa, Florida, Defense-Rental Area, consisting of Hillsborough County, Florida, on the basis that the State of Florida has declared by law that rent control is no longer necessary in said Hillsborough County and notified the Housing Expediter of that fact.

This decontrol of the Tampa, Florida, Defense-Rental Area shall become effective July 5, 1949.

3. Schedule A, Item 116a, is amended by deleting all of said Item 116a which relates to Barton County, Kansas, a portion of the Great Bend, Kansas Defense-Rental Area.

This decontrols from §§ 825.1 to 825.12 (1) the City of Great Bend in Barton County, Kansas, a portion of the Great Bend, Kansas, Defense-Rental Area, based on a resolution submitted in accordance with section 204 (j) (3) of the Housing and Rent Act of 1947, as amended, and (2) the remainder of said Barton County, on the Housing Expediter's own initiative in accordance with section 204 (c) of said act.

This decontrol of Barton County, Kansas, shall become effective June 30, 1949.

(Sec. 204 (d), 61 Stat. 197, as amended, 62 Stat. 37, 94, Pub. Law 31, 81st Cong.; 50 U. S. C. App. 1894 (d). Applies sec. 204, 61 Stat. 197, as amended, 62 Stat. 37,

[1] 13 F. R. 5706, 5788, 5789, 5877, 5937, 6246, 6283, 6411, 6556, 6881, 6910, 7299, 7671, 7801, 7862, 8217, 8218, 8327, 8386; 15 F. R. 17, 93, 143, 271, 337, 456, 627, 682, 695, 856, 918, 979, 1005, 1083, 1345, 1394, 1519, 1570, 1571, 1587, 1666, 1667, 1733, 1760, 1823, 1868, 1932, 2059, 2060, 2084, 2176, 2233, 2412, 2441, 2545, 2605, 2607, 2608, 2695, 2746, 2761, 2796, 2897, 3079, 3120, 3152, 3200, 3234, 3280, 3311, 3353, 3399, 3451, 3467, 3494.

94, Pub. Law 31, 81st Cong.; 50 U. S. C. App. 1894)

Issued this 30th day of June 1949.

TIGHE E. WOODS,
Housing Expediter.

[F. R. Doc. 49-5406; Filed, July 5, 1949; 8:50 a. m.]

[Controlled Housing Rent Reg.,[1] Amdt. 123]

PART 825—RENT REGULATIONS UNDER THE HOUSING AND RENT ACT OF 1947, AS AMENDED

FLORIDA

The Controlled Housing Rent Regulation (§§ 825.1 to 825.12) is amended in the following respect:

Schedule A, Item 64a, is amended to read as follows:

(64a) [Revoked and decontrolled.]

This decontrols from §§ 825.1–12 the entire Sanford, Florida, Defense-Rental Area, consisting of Seminole County, on the Housing Expediter's own initiative in accordance with section 204 (c) of the Housing and Rent Act of 1947, as amended.

(Sec. 204 (d), 61 Stat. 197, as amended, 62 Stat. 37, 94, Pub. Law 31, 81st Cong.; 50 U. S. C. App. 1894 (d). Applies sec. 204, 61 Stat. 197, as amended, 62 Stat. 37, 94, Pub. Law 31, 81st Cong.; 50 U. S. C. App. 1894)

This amendment shall become effective June 30, 1949.

Issued this 30th day of June 1949.

TIGHE E. WOODS,
Housing Expediter.

[F. R. Doc. 49-5414; Filed, July 5, 1949; 8:52 a. m.]

[Controlled Rooms in Rooming Houses and Other Establishments Rent Reg.,[2] Amdt. 117]

PART 825—RENT REGULATIONS UNDER THE HOUSING AND RENT ACT OF 1947, AS AMENDED

FLORIDA AND KANSAS

The Rent Regulation for Controlled Rooms in Rooming Houses and Other Establishments (§§ 825.81 to 825.92) is amended in the following respects:

1. Schedule A, Item 62b, is amended to read as follows:

(62b) [Revoked and decontrolled.]

This decontrols from §§ 825.81 to 825.92 the entire Polk County, Florida, Defense-Rental Area, consisting of Polk County, Florida, on the basis that the State of Florida has declared by law that rent control is no longer necessary in said Polk County and notified the Housing Expediter of that fact.

This decontrol of the Polk County, Florida, Defense-Rental Area shall become effective July 7, 1949.

2. Schedule A, Item 66, is amended to read as follows:

(66) [Revoked and decontrolled.]

This decontrols from §§ 825.81 to 825.92 the entire Tampa, Florida, Defense-Rental Area, consisting of Hillsborough County, Florida, on the basis that the State of Florida has declared by law that rent control is no longer necessary in said Hillsborough County and notified the Housing Expediter of that fact.

This decontrol of the Tampa, Florida, Defense-Rental Area shall become effective July 5, 1949.

3. Schedule A, Item 116a, is amended by deleting all of said Item 116a which relates to Barton County, Kansas, a portion of the Great Bend, Kansas, Defense-Rental Area.

This decontrols from §§ 825.81 to 825.92 (1) the City of Great Bend in Barton County, Kansas, a portion of the Great Bend, Kansas, Defense-Rental Area, based on a resolution submitted in accordance with section 204 (j) (3) of the Housing and Rent Act of 1947, as amended, and (2) the remainder of Barton County, on the Housing Expediter's own initiative in accordance with section 204 (c) of said act.

This decontrol of Barton County, Kansas, shall become effective June 30, 1949.

(Sec. 204 (d), 61 Stat. 197, as amended, 62 Stat. 37, 94, Pub. Law 31, 81st Cong.; 50 U. S. C. App. 1894 (d). Applies sec. 204, 61 Stat. 197, as amended, 62 Stat. 37, 94, Pub. Law 31, 81st Cong.; 50 U. S. C. App. 1894)

Issued this 30th day of June 1949.

TIGHE E. WOODS,
Housing Expediter.

[F. R. Doc. 49-5407; Filed, July 5, 1949; 8:50 a. m.]

[Controlled Rooms in Rooming Houses and Other Establishments Rent Reg.,[1] Amdt. 118]

PART 825—RENT REGULATIONS UNDER THE HOUSING AND RENT ACT OF 1947, AS AMENDED

FLORIDA

The Rent Regulation for Controlled Rooms in Rooming Houses and Other Establishments (§§ 825.81 to 825.92) is amended in the following respect:

Schedule A, Item 64a, is amended to read as follows:

(64a) [Revoked and decontrolled.]

This decontrols from §§ 825.81 to 825.92 the entire Sanford, Florida, Defense-Rental Area, consisting of Seminole County, on the Housing Expediter's own initiative in accordance with section 204 (c) of the Housing and Rent Act of 1947, as amended.

(Sec. 204 (d), 61 Stat. 197, as amended, 62 Stat. 37, 94, Pub. Law 31, 81st Cong.; 50 U. S. C. App. 1894 (d). Applies sec. 204, 61 Stat. 197, as amended, 62 Stat. 37, 94, Pub. Law 31, 81st Cong.; 50 U. S. C. App. 1894)

This amendment shall become effective June 30, 1949.

Issued this 30th day of June 1949.

TIGHE E. WOODS,
Housing Expediter.

[F. R. Doc. 49-5415; Filed, July 5, 1949; 8:52 a. m.]

TITLE 25—INDIANS

Chapter I—Bureau of Indian Affairs, Department of the Interior

Subchapter L—Irrigation Projects: Operation and Maintenance

PART 91—BLACKFEET PROJECT, MONTANA

STRUCTURES

Section 91.10 of this part is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 91.10 *Structures.* (a) All necessary headgates, checks, drops, turnouts, flumes and measuring devices will be installed and maintained by the project. Any person or corporation desiring to build a bridge or other structures over, under, in or across a project canal, lateral or drainage ditch, shall first obtain from the project engineer a written permit to build such structures, which permit shall stipulate that it is granted and accepted by the permittee on the condition that the repair and maintenance of the structures shall be the duty of the permittee, or his successors, without cost to the project. The permit shall further provide that if any such structure be not regularly used for a period of one year or more the project engineer may notify the person responsible for its maintenance to remove it within a period of 90 days; and that if the structure is not removed within the time allowed, it may thereafter be removed by the project engineer, the cost of such removal to be paid by the party responsible for the maintenance of the structure.

(b) Where a new irrigation project is installed, or an existing project is extended to an area without existing roads, and the construction of roads, bridges, or culverts becomes necessary, the project engineer shall investigate the possibility of liquidating all or part of the cost of such construction by securing funds from any governmental agency providing funds for such purposes, and he is authorized to negotiate, subject to the approval of the Commissioner of Indian

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[1] 13 F. R. 5706, 5788, 5789, 5877, 5937, 6246, 6283, 6411, 6556, 6881, 6910, 7299, 7671, 7801, 7862, 8217, 8218, 8327, 8386; 14 F. R. 17, 93, 143, 271, 337, 456, 627, 682, 695, 856, 918, 979, 1005, 1083, 1345, 1394, 1519, 1570, 1571, 1587, 1666, 1667, 1733, 1760, 1823, 1868, 1932, 2059, 2060, 2084, 2176, 2233, 2412, 2441, 2545, 2605, 2607, 2608, 2695, 2746, 2761, 2796, 2897, 3079, 3120, 3152, 3200, 3234, 3280, 3311, 3353, 3399, 3451, 3467, 3494, 3556.

[2] 13 F. R. 5750, 5789, 5875, 5937, 5938, 6247, 6283, 6411, 6556, 6882, 6911, 7299, 7672, 7801, 7862, 8218, 8219, 8328, 8388; 14 F. R. 18, 272, 337, 457, 627, 682, 695, 857, 918, 978, 1083, 1345, 1520, 1570, 1582, 1587, 1669, 1670, 1734, 1759, 1869, 1932, 2061, 2062, 2085, 2176, 2237, 2413, 2440, 2441, 2545, 2607, 2608, 2695, 2746, 2761, 2796, 3079, 3121, 3153, 3201, 3234, 3280, 3311, 3353, 3400, 3451, 3468, 3494.

[1] 13 F. R. 5750, 5789, 5875, 5937, 5938, 6247, 6283, 6411, 6556, 6882, 6911, 7299, 7672, 7801, 7862, 8218, 8219, 8328, 8388; 14 F. R. 18, 272, 337, 457, 627, 682, 695, 857, 918, 978, 1083, 1345, 1520, 1570, 1582, 1587, 1669, 1670, 1734, 1759, 1869, 1932, 2061, 2062, 2085, 2176, 2237, 2413, 2440, 2441, 2545, 2607, 2608, 2695, 2746, 2761, 2796, 8079, 3121, 3153, 3201, 3234, 3280, 3311, 3353, 3400, 3451, 3468, 3494, 3555.

Affairs, any necessary agreement with such governmental agency.

(c) All persons or corporations are warned against the violation of this section. (38 Stat. 583; 39 Stat. 142; 45 Stat. 210; 25 U. S. C. 385, 387)

[SEAL] MASTIN G. WHITE,
Acting Assistant Secretary of the Interior.

JUNE 29, 1949.

[F. R. Doc. 49-5391; Filed, July 5, 1949; 8:48 a. m.]

PART 94—CROW PROJECT, MONTANA

STRUCTURES

Section 94.10 of this part is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 94.10 *Structures.* (a) All necessary headgates, checks, drops, turnouts, flumes and measuring devices will be installed and maintained by the project. Any person or corporation desiring to build a bridge or other structures over, under, in or across a project canal, lateral or drainage ditch, shall first obtain from the project engineer a written permit to build such structures, which permit shall stipulate that it is granted, and accepted by the permittee, on the condition that the repair and maintenance of the structures shall be the duty of the permittee, or his successors, without cost to the project. The permit shall further provide that if any such structure be not regularly used for a period of one year or more the project engineer may notify the person responsible for its maintenance to remove it within a period of 90 days; and that if the structure is not removed within the time allowed, it may thereafter be removed by the project engineer, the cost of such removal to be paid by the party responsible for the maintenance of the structure.

(b) Where a new irrigation project is installed, or an existing project is extended to an area without existing roads, and the construction of roads, bridges, or culverts becomes necessary, the project engineer shall investigate the possibility of liquidating all or part of the cost of such construction by securing funds from any governmental agency providing funds for such purposes, and he is authorized to negotiate, subject to the approval of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, any necessary agreement with such governmental agency.

(c) All persons or corporations are warned against the violation of this section. (38 Stat. 583; 39 Stat. 142; 45 Stat. 210; 25 U. S. C. 385, 387)

[SEAL] MASTIN G. WHITE,
Acting Assistant Secretary of the Interior.

JUNE 29, 1949.

[F. R. Doc. 49-5392; Filed, July 5, 1949; 8:48 a. m.]

PART 97—FLATHEAD PROJECT, MONTANA

STRUCTURES

Section 97.11 of this part is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 97.11 *Structures.* (a) All necessary headgates, checks, drops, turnouts, flumes and measuring devices will be installed and maintained by the project. Any person or corporation desiring to build a bridge or other structures over, under, in or across a project canal, lateral or drainage ditch, shall first obtain from the project engineer a written permit to build such structures, which permit shall stipulate that it is granted, and accepted by the permittee, on the condition that the repair and maintenance of the structures shall be the duty of the permittee, or his successors, without cost to the project. The permit shall further provide that if any such structure be not regularly used for a period of one year or more the project engineer may notify the person responsible for its maintenance to remove it within a period of 90 days; and that if the structure is not removed within the time allowed, it may thereafter be removed by the project engineer, the cost of such removal to be paid by the party responsible for the maintenance of the structure.

(b) Where a new irrigation project is installed, or an existing project is extended to an area without existing roads, and the construction of roads, bridges, or culverts becomes necessary, the project engineer shall investigate the possibility of liquidating all or part of the cost of such construction by securing funds from any governmental agency providing funds for such purposes, and he is authorized to negotiate, subject to the approval of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, any necessary agreement with such governmental agency.

(c) All persons or corporations are warned against the violation of this section. (38 Stat. 583; 39 Stat. 142; 45 Stat. 210; 25 U. S. C. 385, 387)

[SEAL] MASTIN G. WHITE,
Acting Assistant Secretary of the Interior.

JUNE 29, 1949.

[F. R. Doc. 49-5393; Filed, July 5, 1949; 8:48 a. m.]

PART 103—FORT BELKNAP PROJECT, MONTANA

STRUCTURES

Section 103.10 of this part is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 103.10 *Structures.* (a) All necessary headgates, checks, drops, turnouts, flumes and measuring devices will be installed and maintained by the project. Any person or corporation desiring to build a bridge or other structures over, under, in or across a project canal, lateral or drainage ditch, shall first obtain from the project engineer a written permit to build such structures, which permit shall stipulate that it is granted, and accepted by the permittee, on the condition that the repair and maintenance of the structures shall be the duty of the permittee, or his successors, without cost to the project. The permit shall further provide that if any such structure be not regularly used for a period of one year or more the project engineer may notify the person responsible for its maintenance to remove it within a period of 90 days; and that if the structure is not removed within the time allowed, it may thereafter be removed by the project engineer, the cost of such removal to be paid by the party responsible for the maintenance of the structure.

(b) Where a new irrigation project is installed, or an existing project is extended to an area without existing roads, and the construction of roads, bridges or culverts becomes necessary, the project engineer shall investigate the possibility of liquidating all or part of the cost of such construction by securing funds from any governmental agency providing funds for such purposes, and he is authorized to negotiate, subject to the approval of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, any necessary agreement with such governmental agency.

(c) All persons or corporations are warned against the violation of this section. (38 Stat. 583; 39 Stat. 142; 45 Stat. 210; 25 U. S. C. 385, 387)

[SEAL] MASTIN G. WHITE,
Acting Assistant Secretary of the Interior.

JUNE 29, 1949.

[F. R. Doc. 49-5394; Filed, July 5, 1949; 8:48 a. m.]

PART 106—FORT HALL PROJECT, IDAHO

STRUCTURES

Section 106.15 of this part is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 106.15 *Structures.* (a) All necessary headgates, checks, drops, turnouts, flumes and measuring devices will be installed and maintained by the project. Any person or corporation desiring to build a bridge or other structures over, under, in or across a project canal, lateral or drainage ditch, shall first obtain from the project engineer a written permit to build such structures, which permit shall stipulate that it is granted, and accepted by the permittee, on the condition that the repair and maintenance of the structures shall be the duty of the permittee, or his successors, without cost to the project. The permit shall further provide that if any such structure be not regularly used for a period of one year or more the project engineer may notify the person responsible for its maintenance to remove it within a period of 90 days; and that if the structure is not removed within the time allowed, it may thereafter be removed by the project engineer, the cost of such removal to be paid by the party responsible for the maintenance of the structure.

(b) Where a new irrigation project is installed, or an existing project is extended to an area without existing roads, and the construction of roads, bridges or culverts becomes necessary, the project engineer shall investigate the possibility of liquidating all or part of the cost of such construction by securing funds from any governmental agency providing funds for such purposes, and he is authorized to negotiate, subject to the approval of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, any necessary agreement with such governmental agency.

(c) All persons or corporations are warned against the violation of this section. (38 Stat. 583; 39 Stat. 142; 45 Stat. 210; 25 U. S. C. 385, 387)

[SEAL] MASTIN G. WHITE,
Acting Assistant Secretary of the Interior.

JUNE 29, 1949.

[F. R. Doc. 49-5395; Filed, July 5, 1949; 8:48 a. m.]

PART 121—UINTAH PROJECT, UTAH

STRUCTURES

Section 121.13 of this part is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 121.13 *Structures.* (a) All necessary headgates, checks, drops, turnouts, flumes and measuring devices will be installed and maintained by the project. Any person or corporation desiring to build a bridge or other structures over, under, in or across a project canal, lateral or drainage ditch, shall first obtain from the project engineer a written permit to build such structures, which permit shall stipulate that it is granted, and accepted by the permittee, on the condition that the repair and maintenance of the structures shall be the duty of the permittee, or his successors, without cost to the project. The permit shall further provide that if any such structure be not regularly used for a period of one year or more the project engineer may notify the person responsible for its maintenance to remove it within a period of 90 days; and that if the structure is not removed within the time allowed, it may thereafter be removed by the project engineer, the cost of such removal to be paid by the party responsible for the maintenance of the structure.

(b) Where a new irrigation project is installed, or an existing project is extended to an area without existing roads, and the construction of roads, bridges or culverts becomes necessary, the project engineer shall investigate the possibility of liquidating all or part of the cost of such construction by securing funds from any governmental agency providing funds for such purposes, and he is authorized to negotiate, subject to the approval of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, any necessary agreement with such governmental agency.

(c) All persons or corporations are warned against the violation of this section. (38 Stat. 583; 39 Stat. 142; 45 Stat. 210; 25 U. S. C. 385, 387)

[SEAL] MASTIN G. WHITE,
Acting Assistant Secretary of the Interior.

JUNE 29, 1949.

[F. R. Doc. 49-5396; Filed, July 5, 1949; 8:48 a. m.]

PART 124—WAPATO PROJECT, WASHINGTON

STRUCTURES

Section 124.12 of this part is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 124.12 *Structures.* (a) All necessary headgates, checks, drops, turnouts, flumes and measuring devices will be installed and maintained by the project. Any person or corporation desiring to build a bridge or other structures over, under, in or across a project canal, lateral or drainage ditch, shall first obtain from the project engineer a written permit to build such structures, which permit shall stipulate that it is granted, and accepted by the permittee, on the condition that the repair and maintenance of the structures shall be the duty of the permittee, or his successors, without cost to the project. The permit shall further provide that if any such structure be not regularly used for a period of one year or more the project engineer may notify the person responsible for its maintenance to remove it within a period of 90 days; and that if the structure is not removed within the time allowed, it may thereafter be removed by the project engineer, the cost of such removal to be paid by the party responsible for the maintenance of the structure.

(b) Where a new irrigation project is installed, or an existing project is extended to an area without existing roads, and the construction of roads, bridges or culverts becomes necessary, the project engineer shall investigate the possibility of liquidating all or part of the cost of such construction by securing funds from any governmental agency providing funds for such purposes, and he is authorized to negotiate, subject to the approval of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, any necessary agreement with such governmental agency.

(c) All persons or corporations are warned against the violation of this section. (38 Stat. 583; 39 Stat. 142; 45 Stat. 210; 25 U. S. C. 385, 387)

[SEAL] MASTIN G. WHITE,
Acting Assistant Secretary of the Interior.

JUNE 29, 1949.

[F. R. Doc. 49-5397; Filed, July 5, 1949; 8:49 a. m.]

PART 127—WIND RIVER PROJECT, WYOMING

STRUCTURES

Section 127.10 of this part is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 127.10 *Structures.* (a) All necessary headgates, checks, drops, turnouts, flumes and measuring devices will be installed and maintained by the project. Any person or corporation desiring to build a bridge or other structures over, under, in or across a project canal, lateral or drainage ditch, shall first obtain from the project engineer a written permit to build such structures, which permit shall stipulate that it is granted, and accepted by the permittee, on the condition that the repair and maintenance of the structures shall be the duty of the permittee, or his successors, without cost to the project. The permit shall further provide that if any such structure be not regularly used for a period of one year or more the project engineer may notify the person responsible for its maintenance to remove it within a period of 90 days; and that if the structure is not removed within the time allowed, it may thereafter be removed by the project engineer, the cost of such removal to be paid by the party responsible for the maintenance of the structure.

(b) Where a new irrigation project is installed, or an existing project is extended to an area without existing roads, and the construction of roads, bridges or culverts becomes necessary, the project engineer shall investigate the possibility of liquidating all or part of the cost of such construction by securing funds from any governmental agency providing funds for such purposes, and he is authorized to negotiate, subject to the approval of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, any necessary agreement with such governmental agency.

(c) All persons or corporations are warned against the violation of this section. (38 Stat. 583; 39 Stat. 142; 45 Stat. 210; 25 U. S. C. 385, 387)

[SEAL] MASTIN G. WHITE,
Acting Assistant Secretary of the Interior.

JUNE 29, 1949.

[F. R. Doc. 49-5398; Filed, July 5, 1949; 8:49 a. m.]

TITLE 32—NATIONAL DEFENSE

Chapter XI—Division of Liquidation, Department of Commerce

[Supp. Order 189, Amdt. 4]

PART 1305—ADMINISTRATION

PRESERVATION OF RECORDS

Pursuant to the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended, Executive Orders 9809, 9841 and 9842, and Department of Commerce Order 75, as amended: *It is hereby ordered*, That section 1 of Supplementary Order 189 issued by the Administrator of Price Control on October 23, 1946 (11 F. R. 12568), as amended on November 12, 1946 (11 F. R. 13442), November 6, 1947 (12 F. R. 7327), and February 20, 1948 (13 F. R. 1262), be hereby further amended to read as follows:

SECTION 1. *Preservation of records.* (a) Subject to the provisions of subsection (b) hereof all persons shall, with respect to any commodity or service which is exempted or suspended from price control on or after the effective date of this Supplementary Order No. 189, preserve until January 1, 1952, all records, documents, reports, books, accounts, invoices, sales lists, sales slips, orders, vouchers, contracts, receipts, bills of lading, correspondence, memoranda, and other papers, and drafts and copies thereof required to be made or kept by any of the foregoing acts or Executive orders, or by any regulation, order, price schedule or other document issued by the Administrator thereunder. With respect to rice which was decontrolled on June 30, 1947 with the expiration of the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended, the records and documents mentioned above shall be preserved until January 1, 1952.

(b) The requirements of this supplementary order shall apply only to those persons falling within the following categories:

(1) All persons who are parties to pending civil or criminal litigation under the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended.

(2) All persons who have received any subsidy payment, premium payment or other payment from any agency or instrumentality of the United States pursuant to the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended, or who have a pending claim or intend to file a claim for any such payment from any agency or instrumentality of the United States pursuant to the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended.

(3) All persons who have engaged in a sale of any commodity or service to the United States, or any agency or instrumentality thereof, under a price adjustment provision pursuant to the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended.

(56 Stat. 23, as amended; 50 U. S. C. App. Sup. 901 et seq.; E. O. 9809, Dec. 12, 1946, 3 CFR, 1946 Supp.; E. O. 9841, April 23, 1947, 12 F. R. 2645; E. O. 9842, April 23, 1947; 12 F. R. 2646)

This amendment shall become effective June 30, 1949.

NOTE: The record-keeping and reporting requirements of this amendment have been approved by the Bureau of the Budget in accordance with the Federal Reports Act of 1942.

Issued this 30th day of June 1949.

[SEAL] CHARLES F. BRANNAN,
Secretary of Agriculture.
HARLEY HISE,
Chairman,
Reconstruction Finance Corporation.
LEO NIELSON,
Secretary,
Reconstruction Finance Corporation.
E. C. TURNEY,
Director,
Division of Liquidation,
Department of Commerce.

Approved:

PEYTON FORD,
Acting Attorney General,
Department of Justice.

[F. R. Doc. 49-5538; Filed, July 5, 1949; 9:15 a. m.]

TITLE 33—NAVIGATION AND NAVIGABLE WATERS

Chapter II—Corps of Engineers, Department of the Army

PART 203—BRIDGE REGULATIONS

CALCASIEU RIVER, LA.

Pursuant to the provisions of section 5 of the River and Harbor Act of August 18, 1894 (28 Stat. 362; 33 U. S. C. 499), § 203.509 governing the operation of the State of Louisiana Department of Highways bridge across Calcasieu River at Lake Charles, Louisiana, is hereby amended to provide for morning and afternoon closed periods in order to relieve existing highway traffic congestion, as follows:

§ 203.509 *Calcasieu River, La.; State of Louisiana Department of Highways bridge at Lake Charles.* (a) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (c) of this section, on all days other than Saturdays and Sundays the owner of or agency controlling this bridge shall not be required to open the draw from 6:30 a. m. to 8:30 a. m. and from 3:30 p. m. to 5:30 p. m. for the passage of vessels.

(b) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (c) of this section, the owner of or agency controlling the bridge shall not be required to open the draw from 45 minutes after sunset to 45 minutes before sunrise for the passage of craft, whether navigating under their own power or being moved either singly or in multiple units in tows, loaded with equipment or having superstructures which, due to their heights, are likely to collide with the leaves of the draw when in maximum open position.

(c) The draw shall be opened promptly at all times for vessels owned or operated by the United States, fire tugs, or other vessels desiring passage because of an emergency involving danger to life or property. Vessels desiring passage because of such an emergency during the periods described in paragraphs (a) and (b) of this section, shall sound four distinct blasts of a whistle, horn, or other sound-producing device. When weather conditions are such that sound signals may not be heard, such vessels shall signal for an opening of the draw by raising and lowering a number of times in a vertical plane a flag by day and a lighted lantern at night.

(d) The owner of or agency controlling the bridge shall keep a copy of the regulations in this section conspicuously posted on both the upstream and downstream sides thereof in such manner that it can be easily read at any time. [Regs. June 21, 1949, 823 (Calcasieu R.—Lake Charles, La.—Mile 43.5)—ENGWR]

(28 Stat. 362; 33 U. S. C. 400)

[SEAL] EDWARD F. WITSELL,
Major General,
The Adjutant General.

[F. R. Doc. 49-5411; Filed, July 5, 1949; 8:50 a. m.]

TITLE 36—PARKS, FORESTS, AND MEMORIALS

Chapter III—Corps of Engineers, Department of the Army

PART 311—PUBLIC USE OF CERTAIN RESERVOIR AREAS

MISCELLANEOUS AMENDMENTS

The Secretary of the Army having determined that the use of Tionesta Reservoir Area, Tionesta Creek, Pennsylvania; Loyalhanna Reservoir Area, Loyalhanna Creek, Pennsylvania; Mahoning Creek Reservoir Area, Mahoning Creek, Pennsylvania; and Berlin Reservoir Area, Mahoning River, Ohio, by the general public for boating, swimming, bathing, fishing and other recreational purposes, will not be inconsistent with the operation and maintenance of the reservoir for its primary purposes, hereby prescribes rules and regulations pursuant to the provisions of section 4 of the act of Congress approved December 22, 1944 (58 Stat. 889) as amended by section 4 of the Flood Control Act of 1946 (60 Stat. 642) for the public use of those reservoir areas, by adding those areas to §§ 311.1, 311.4, and 311.6, as follows:

§ 311.1 *Areas covered.* * * *

(w) Tionesta Reservoir Area, Tionesta Creek, Pennsylvania.

(x) Loyalhanna Reservoir Area, Loyalhanna Creek, Pennsylvania.

(y) Mahoning Creek Reservoir Area, Mahoning Creek, Pennsylvania.

(z) Berlin Reservoir Area, Mahoning River, Ohio.

§ 311.4 *Houseboats.* (a) A permit shall be obtained from the District Engineer for placing any houseboats on the water of any reservoir area listed in § 311.1, except the following reservoir areas on which houseboats are prohibited:

* * * * *

(8) Youghiogheny River Reservoir Area, Youghiogheny River, Pennsylvania.

(9) Tionesta Reservoir Area, Tionesta Creek, Pennsylvania.

(10) Loyalhanna Reservoir Area, Loyalhanna Creek, Pennsylvania.

(11) Mahoning Creek Reservoir Area, Mahoning Creek, Pennsylvania.

(12) Berlin Reservoir Area, Mahoning River, Ohio.

* * * * *

§ 311.6 *Hunting and fishing.* * * *

(b) Hunting shall be with shotgun only in any reservoir area listed in § 311.1 except for the following reservoir areas on which hunting of deer with rifles is also permitted:

* * * * *

(4) Youghiogheny River Reservoir Area, Youghiogheny River, Pennsylvania.

(5) Tionesta Reservoir Area, Tionesta Creek, Pennsylvania.

(6) Loyalhanna Reservoir Area, Loyalhanna Creek, Pennsylvania.

(7) Mahoning Creek Reservoir Area, Mahoning Creek, Pennsylvania.

(8) Crooked Creek Reservoir Area, Crooked Creek, Pennsylvania.

* * * * *

[Regs. June 16, 1949, ENGWF] (58 Stat. 889, 60 Stat. 642; 16 U. S. C. 460d)

[SEAL] EDWARD F. WITSELL,
Major General,
The Adjutant General.

[F. R. Doc. 49-5410; Filed, July 5, 1949; 8:50 a. m.]

PROPOSED RULE MAKING

DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY

Bureau of Customs

[19 CFR, Part 16]

SPANISH PESETA

CONVERSION OF CURRENCY

Notice of proposed instructions for the conversion of the Spanish peseta for the purpose of the assessment of duty on merchandise imported into the United States.

Notice is hereby given that, pursuant to section 251 of the Revised Statutes and sections 522 and 624 of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U. S. C. 66, 31 U. S. C. 372, 19 U. S. C. 1624), it is proposed to issue instructions for the conversion of the Spanish peseta for the purpose of the assessment of duties on merchandise imported into the United States, the terms of which proposed instructions, in tentative form, are as follows:

Reference is made to the daily buying rates which section 522 (c) of the Tariff Act of 1930 (31 U. S. C. 372 (c)) directs the Federal Reserve Bank of New York to certify to the Secretary of the Treasury.

The Federal Reserve Bank of New York has advised the Treasury Department that for dates during the period from December 18, 1948, to February 18, 1949, inclusive, it will certify, upon request of the Customs Information Exchange, 14 rates for the Spanish peseta, the "Official" rate and 13 other rates designated "(a)" to "(m)", inclusive, with a notation that the application of the rates depends upon the type of merchandise, and that for dates after February 18, 1949, it will certify the "Official" rate and 14 other rates designated "(a)" to "(n)", inclusive, with the same notation that application depends upon the type of merchandise.

The Federal Reserve Bank has advised the Treasury Department that Instituto Espanol de Moneda Extranjera, the Spanish foreign exchange control authority, on December 17, 1948, officially announced a sliding scale of exchange rates, which announcement reaffirmed the official buying rate for the United States dollar, which rate is applicable to all unspecified or unlisted exports, and at the same time established 13 special rates applicable to different categories of exports; and that on February 19, 1949, the Spanish foreign exchange control authority authorized a new special export rate. It is understood that the 14 rates certified by the Federal Reserve Bank and designated "(a)" to "(n)", inclusive, correspond to the 14 rates provided for by the Spanish foreign exchange control authority. There are lists of commodities to which the 14 special rates are applicable but the Treasury Department does not have complete, accurate, and up-to-date information as to the commodities included in such lists. It is understood that the classification of products is subject to change and that it is probable that changes in the original classification have already been made.

In the case of any importation of merchandise exported from Spain after December 17, 1948, in which appraisement has been withheld or liquidation suspended pending the determination of a proper rate or rates for the Spanish peseta, the appraiser and collector shall proceed, respectively, with the appraisement and liquidation according to the following procedure:

1. No rate of exchange shall be used for customs purposes under these instructions except a rate or rates certified by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York for the date of exportation of the merchandise, unless there is a proclaimed value for the Spanish currency which varies by less than 5 per cent from any certified rate otherwise applicable. If there is a proclaimed value, it shall be used in lieu of any certified rate otherwise applicable from which such proclaimed value varies by less than 5 per cent.

2. Where the appraisement is to be made in Spanish currency the appraiser shall designate in his report to the collector the class or classes of currency in which appraisement is made by using the designations applied to the currency of Spain by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, namely, "Official", "(a)", "(b)", "(c)", "(d)", "(e)", "(f)", "(g)", "(h)", "(i)", "(j)", "(k)", "(l)", "(m)", or "(n)", as the case may be.

3. For all purposes of appraisement and assessment of duties the amount of any value established in pesetas shall be considered to consist of the class of pesetas, namely, "Official", "(a)", "(b)", "(c)", "(d)", "(e)", "(f)", "(g)", "(h)", "(i)", "(j)", "(k)", "(l)", "(m)", or "(n)", which the appraiser or collector is satisfied, from information in his own files, information obtained and presented to him by the importer, or information obtained from other sources, is applicable under the Spanish foreign exchange control measures to the type of merchandise involved, and the rate certified by the Federal Reserve Bank for that class of peseta shall be used; except that:

(a) If the appraiser or collector has credible information that the rate that would otherwise be applicable under this paragraph was not applicable under the Spanish exchange control measures uniformly during any period in connection with the payment for all merchandise of the type involved, appraisement shall be withheld and liquidation shall be suspended as to all merchandise of the type involved during the period involved,

(b) If the appraiser or collector has credible information that a rate or combination of rates not used in payment for the merchandise was used in payment of costs, charges, or expenses, the currency conversions for the exchange covering payment for the merchandise and for the exchange covering such costs, charges, or expenses shall be calculated separately. If the costs, charges, or expenses are dutiable they shall be calculated according to the rules stated above, and in the event that any rate used in payment of such dutiable costs, charges, or expenses was a rate not certified by the Federal Reserve Bank appraisement shall be withheld and liquidation suspended. In deducting nondutiable costs, charges, or expenses, the conversion of the foreign exchange shall be at the rate or rates actually used in payment of such costs, charges, or expenses, whether or not certified by the Federal Reserve Bank.

Whenever appraisement is withheld or liquidation suspended a detailed report shall be transmitted immediately to the Bureau of Customs.

When information regarding the Spanish currency conversion practices necessary to comply with the instructions contained herein is not available at a port other than New York, the appraiser or collector shall request the Customs Information Exchange, 201 Varick Street, New York 14, New York, to furnish such pertinent information as may be available.

It is realized that cases may arise in which there is not available locally or through the Customs Information Exchange sufficient information from which to determine definitely the rate or rates applicable under the Spanish laws and regulations to the importation involved. The appraiser or collector shall determine in each case whether the facts warrant appraisement and liquidation in accordance with the instructions herein or whether action shall be suspended and a report submitted to the Bureau of Customs.

Where at the time of making entry or upon the acceptance of an amended entry, information is presented to the collector, or is in his possession, which establishes to his satisfaction the rate or rates for the particular importation in accordance with the pertinent requirements of these instructions, deposit of estimated duties or of supplemental estimated duties calculated in accordance with that information shall be accepted.

This notice is published pursuant to section 4 of the Administrative Procedure Act (5 U. S. C. 1003). Prior to the issuance of the proposed instructions, consideration will be given to any relevant data, views, or arguments pertaining thereto which are submitted in writing to the Commissioner of Customs, Bureau of Customs, Washington 25, D. C., and received not later than 15 days from the date of publication of this notice in the FEDERAL REGISTER. No hearing will be held.

[SEAL] FRANK DOW,
Acting Commissioner of Customs.

Approved: June 20, 1949.

THOMAS J. LYNCH,
Acting Secretary of the Treasury.

[F. R. Doc. 49-5431; Filed, July 5, 1949; 8:56 a. m.]

CIVIL AERONAUTICS BOARD

[14 CFR, Parts 41, 42, 45]

REQUIRED COMMUNICATIONS EQUIPMENT AND FACILITIES FOR LONG OVER-WATER FLIGHT

NOTICE OF POSTPONEMENT OF THE DATE FOR SUBMISSION OF DOCUMENTS BY INTERESTED PERSONS

As a consequence of the Notice of Hearing published in the FEDERAL REGISTER June 9, 1949, inviting interested persons to participate in the development of rules concerning communications equipment and personnel to be carried on certain over-water air-carrier routes, the Civil Aeronautics Board has been petitioned by several interested persons representing divergent points of view to postpone the date established therein for the filing of written data, views, or arguments. It is our opinion that adequate time should be allowed for the preparation of material, and, in view

of the requests received for postponement, that it would be in the public interest to extend the time for submission of documents. Therefore, it is ordered that the time for submission of written material (3 copies) to the Director, Bureau of Safety Regulation, Civil Aeronautics Board, Washington 25, D. C., as provided in the aforementioned Notice, is extended to August 15, 1949.

Copies of all documents timely submitted will be available for perusal by interested persons in the Docket Section of the Board, Room 5412, Commerce Building, Washington, D. C., on or after August 18, 1949.

Issued in Washington, D. C. on June 30, 1949.

By the Civil Aeronautics Board.

[SEAL] FRED A. TOOMBS,
Acting Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 49-5427; Filed, July 5, 1949; 8:54 a. m.]

NOTICES

DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY

Bureau of Customs

[T. D. 52253]

PRODUCTS OF FORMOSA (TAIWAN)

MARKING OF COUNTRY OF ORIGIN

JUNE 29, 1949.

The Department of State has informed the Bureau of Customs that pending the final determination of the status of Formosa (Taiwan), the English name of the country of origin of articles manufactured or produced in that island will be appropriately indicated by the words "Taiwan", "Formosa", "Taiwan (China)" or "Formosa (China)".

T. D. 50361 is amended to conform to the foregoing, and the entry for the area in question in item 3 of Bulletin of Marking Rulings-3 shall be changed to conform to this decision.

[SEAL] FRANK DOW,
Acting Commissioner of Customs.

[F. R. Doc. 49-5430; Filed, July 5, 1949; 8:54 a. m.]

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Bureau of Indian Affairs

[Irr-11053]

CROW INDIAN IRRIGATION PROJECT, MONTANA

PUBLIC NOTICE FIXING CONSTRUCTION CHARGES FOR NON-INDIAN-OWNED LANDS

Subsections 1 and 2 of section 1, and section 3 of the act of Congress approved June 28, 1946 (60 Stat. 333) provide:

That (1) notwithstanding any other provisions of law, the aggregate charge for all expenditures which have been made for construction of the Crow irrigation project, Crow Indian Reservation, Montana, exclusive of the Willow Creek storage works, against all non-Indian-owned lands under the Crow irrigation project is hereby fixed at $45,000, which charge shall be the sole charge against these lands. The charge thus fixed shall cover all such expenditures, whatever their source, chargeable against such lands and includes expenditures from reimbursable and gratuity appropriations from the Treasury of the United States, and from moneys of the Crow Tribe whether or not the expenditures of such tribal moneys were specifically approved by the Indians in council.

(2) All non-Indian-owned lands under this project shall bear their pro rata share, computed on a per-acre basis, of the total charge fixed by this section, except that against the pro rata share chargeable to any particular tract there first shall be credited payments which have been already made on that tract to meet charges for reimbursable expenditures arising from the construction of such irrigation project. No credit in excess of such pro rata share, computed on a per-acre basis, shall be allowed. No refunds shall be made of amounts paid on any tract in excess of such pro rata share, computed on a per-acre basis. The first lien of the United States shall continue on each non-Indian-owned tract for repayment of the pro rata share, computed on a per-acre basis, against such tract less any credit allowable under this subsection. The word "tract" as used in this act shall mean a forty-acre legal subdivision or fraction thereof.

* * * * *

SEC. 3. The Secretary of the Interior may enter into contracts with irrigation districts acting on behalf of all non-Indians owning land under the Crow irrigation project in which the irrigation district shall agree to pay the charge of $45,000 fixed by subsection (1) of section 1. Such contracts shall provide for the payment of the aforesaid sum on a per-acre basis without interest over a twenty-year peroid in equal annual installments, credits to be given in the amounts allowable under subsection (2) of said section 1; for the payment by the districts of the proportionate share chargeable to the lands within the districts of the annual cost of operation and maintenance of the project; and for a first lien on the lands within the districts in favor of the United States for the repayment of such construction and operation and maintenance charges.

Contracts conforming to these provisions of the statute, providing for the repayment of $45,000 of irrigation construction costs over a period of twenty years beginning February 1, 1950, have been executed by the United States with the irrigation districts on the Crow Indian Irrigation Project as follows:

District	Date of contract	Acreage
Lower Little Horn and Lodge Grass	June 10, 1948	3,042.3
Big Horn	do	8,849.0
Upper Little Horn	June 19, 1948	1,513.0
Total		13,404.3

The total per-acre rate for the payment of the said amount in twenty equal annual installments without interest as provided for in the act of Congress mentioned, is $3.35713, which, for the purposes of this notice, is hereby fixed at $3.36 per acre. This per-acre rate, divided into twenty equal annual payments results in a per-acre assessment of $0.168 annually, which sum is hereby fixed as the annual per-acre rate of assessment for the twenty-year period within which the total amount of the construction costs involved shall be repaid. The first annual assessment hereunder shall be due and payable February 1, 1950, and the remaining annual assessments shall be due and payable on February 1 of each year thereafter until the obligation of each district shall have been paid in full.

The amount of each annual installment chargeable to each of the respective irrigation districts shall be determined by multiplying the total acreage of irrigable land included in the particular district by the per-acre annual rate of sixteen and eight-tenths cents ($0.168). Against the amount thus determined there shall be allowed annually the credits authorized in subsection 2 of section 1 of the act of June 28, 1946, for payments heretofore made by each landowner until the amount of such payments shall have been liquidated: *Provided, however,* That no credit in excess of $3.36 per acre shall be allowed any landowner. So long as any landowner has an annual credit representing prior payment of construction assessments against his particular tract of land in excess of the annual per-acre charge of $0.168, the respective districts shall refrain from placing his land on the tax rolls.

Any district desiring to complete full payment in less than twenty years may do so by appropriate increase in the annual per-acre rate of assessment.

[SEAL] MASTIN G. WHITE,
Acting Assistant Secretary of the Interior.

JUNE 29, 1949.

[F. R. Doc. 49-5399; Filed, July 5, 1949; 8:49 a. m.]

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

Civil Aeronautics Administration

[Amdt. 5]

ORGANIZATION

MISCELLANEOUS AMENDMENTS

The Secretary of Commerce is authorized to prescribe regulations, not inconsistent with law, for the government of his Department, the conduct of its officers and clerks, the distribution and performance of its business, and the custody, use, and preservation of the records, papers, and property appertaining to it (R. S. 161; 5 U. S. C. 22). The Administrator of Civil Aeronautics is empowered to perform such acts, to conduct such investigations, to issue and amend such orders, and to make and amend such general or special rules, regulations, and procedure, pursuant to and consistent with the provisions of the

Civil Aeronautics Act of 1938, as amended, as he shall deem necessary to carry out such provisions and to exercise and perform his powers and duties under the act (Sec. 205, 52 Stat. 984; 49 U. S. C. 425; 5 F .R. 2107, 2421).

Acting pursuant to the foregoing authority, the "Organization of the Civil Aeronautics Administration" is amended by changing sections 1 and 11 to read as follows:

GENERAL

SECTION 1. *Creation and authority.* The "Civil Aeronautics Administration" is the name administratively assigned in Order No. 52 of the Secretary of Commerce dated August 29, 1940 (5 F. R. 3506), to the office of the Administrator of Civil Aeronautics, as a result of Reorganization Plans III and IV of the Reorganization Act of 1939 (54 Stat. 1233, 1235). The authority of the Civil Aeronautics Administration is derived from the Air Commerce Act of 1926 (44 Stat. 568, 45 Stat. 1404, 48 Stat. 1113, 1116, 52 Stat. 973, 58 Stat. 714); the Civil Aeronautics Act of 1938 (52 Stat. 973, 54 Stat. 735, 56 Stat. 265, 300, 60 Stat. 944, 61 Stat. 449, 743, 62 Stat. 470, 493, 1093, 1216); Reorganization Plan No. III (54 Stat. 1233); Reorganization Plan No. IV (54 Stat. 1235); Federal Airport Act (60 Stat. 170, 62 Stat. 173, 1111); Government Surplus Airports and Equipment Act (61 Stat. 678); International Aviation Facilities Act (62 Stat. 450); Administration of Washington National Airport Act (54 Stat. 686, 61 Stat. 94); and the Alaskan Airports Act (62 Stat. 277).

ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICES

SEC. 11. *Office of the Administrator.* (a) The functional responsibilities of the Office of the Administrator are as follows:

(1) Directs the planning of, approves, and promulgates basic programs and policies, public rules, and the organization structure and assignment of responsibilities within the Civil Aeronautics Administration which are necessary to accomplish the functions authorized by statute or by delegation of statutory authority from the President, Department of Commerce, Civil Aeronautics Board, or other Federal agencies.

(2) Directs, evaluates and controls the execution of such programs within the Civil Aeronautics Administration in accordance with management directives established by Congress, the President, the Office of the Secretary of Commerce, and agencies concerned with Federal government administration as a whole.

(3) Supervises and coordinates the activities of the heads of Washington Offices, Regional Offices, and other field organizations under the immediate control of the Administrator.

(4) Maintains liaison with other agencies of the Government, the Congress, state aviation officials, the aviation industry, and the flying public in general, in accordance with policies established by the Secretary of Commerce.

(b) The duties and responsibilities of the principal officials in the Office of the Administrator are as follows:

(1) *The Administrator.* (i) Administers, and is accountable for the conduct and execution of all functions and duties assigned to the Civil Aeronautics Administration.

(ii) Performs those acts and executes those documents which, by statute or delegation of statutory authority, require the exercise of the personal discretion of the Administrator.

(2) *Deputy Administrator for Operations.* (i) Acts for the Administrator in directing and controlling the execution of operating programs of the Civil Aeronautics Administration, and in doing so, serves as the principal deputy to the Administrator in supervising all Washington Offices and major field operating organizations.

(ii) Acts as Administrator during the absence of the Administrator from duty at his official headquarters in Washington, D. C.

(3) *Deputy Administrator for Program Planning.* (i) Serves as the Administrator's Deputy in the total area of top level planning and evaluating of Civil Aeronautics Administration programs.

(ii) Plans, directs, and coordinates the program planning and evaluating activities of the Office of the Administrator.

(iii) Acts as Administrator during the simultaneous absence of the Administrator and Deputy Administrator for Operations from duty at their official headquarters in Washington, D. C.

(4) *Executive Assistant.* (i) Acts as the responsible alternate and executive assistant to the Deputy Administrator for Operations in directing the execution of operating programs of the Civil Aeronautics Administration.

(ii) Acts as Deputy Administrator for Operations during the absence of the Deputy Administrator for Operations from duty at his official headquarters in Washington, D. C.

(iii) Acts as Administrator during the simultaneous absence of the Administrator and his two Deputies from duty at their official headquarters in Washington, D. C.

This amendment shall become effective upon publication in the FEDERAL REGISTER.

(R. S. 161; 52 Stat. 984, 5 U. S. C. 22; 49 U. S. C. 425; 5 F. R. 2107, 2421)

[SEAL] D. W. RENTZEL.
Administrator of Civil Aeronautics.

Approved:

C. V. WHITNEY,
Acting Secretary of Commerce.

[F. R. Doc. 49-5390; Filed, July 5, 1949; 8:48 a. m.]

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Wage and Hour Division

LEARNERS EMPLOYMENT CERTIFICATES

ISSUANCE TO VARIOUS INDUSTRIES

Notice of issuance of special certificates for the employment of learners under the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938.

Notice is hereby given that special certificates authorizing the employment of learners at hourly wage rates lower than the minimum wage rate applicable under section 6 of the act have been issued to the firms hereinafter mentioned under section 14 of the act, Part 522 of the regulations issued thereunder (August 16, 1940, 5 F. R. 2862, and as amended June 25, 1942, 7 F. R. 4725), and the determinations, orders and/or regulations hereinafter mentioned. The names and addresses of the firms to which the certificates were issued, industry, products, number of learners, learner occupations, wage rates, learning periods, and effective and expiration dates of the certificates are as follows:

Regulations, Part 522—Regulations Applicable to the Employment of Learners.

P. R. Shoe & Leather Corp., Ponce, Puerto Rico; to employ 355 learners in the shoe manufacturing industry, as follows: 35 learners in the occupation of cutting; 125 learners in the occupation of stitching; 75 learners in the occupation of making; 10 learners in the occupation of combining; 10 learners in the stock room; 45 learners in the occupation of finishing; 35 learners in the occupation of stockfitting; and 20 learners in the occupation of inspection. The learners are authorized to be employed for a learning period not exceeding 2,080 hours at a rate not less than 22½ cents an hour. This certificate is effective June 13, 1949, and expires June 12, 1950.

Photo News, Charlotte Amalie, St. Thomas, Virgin Islands; to employ 2 learners in the newspaper publishing and job printing industry in the occupations of pressman and type setter at not less than 19 cents an hour for a learning period not to exceed 2,070 hours. The certificate is effective June 2, 1949, and expires June 1, 1950.

Seniorita Hosiery Mills, Inc., Gurabo, Puerto Rico; to employ 56 learners in the full fashioned hosiery industry, as follows: 25 knitters, 12 seamers, and 6 loopers at not less than 20 cents an hour for the first 320 hours; not less than 25 cents an hour for the second 320 hours; and not less than 30 cents an hour for the third 320 hours; 4 toppers and 4 menders at not less than 20 cents an hour for the first 180 hours; not less than 25 cents an hour for the second 180 hours; and not less than 30 cents an hour for the third 180 hours; and 5 examiners at not less than 20 cents an hour for the first 80 hours; not less than 25 cents an hour for the second 80 hours and not less than 30 cents an hour for the third 80 hours. The certificate is effective July 1, 1949, and expires June 30, 1950.

The employment of learners under these certificates is limited to the terms and conditions therein contained and is subject to the provisions of the applicable determinations, orders and/or regulations cited above. These certificates have been issued upon the employers' representations that experienced workers for the learner occupations are not available for employment and that they are actually in need of learners at subminimum rates in order to prevent curtailment of opportunities for employment. The certificates may be canceled in the manner provided in the regulations and as indicated in the certificates. Any person aggrieved by the issuance of any of these certificates may seek a review or

reconsideration thereof within fifteen days after publication of this notice in the FEDERAL REGISTER pursuant to the provisions of regulations, Part 522.

Signed at Washington, D. C., this 28th day of June 1949.

ISABEL FERGUSON,
Authorized Representative of the Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 49-5404; Filed, July 5, 1949; 8:50 a. m.]

CIVIL AERONAUTICS BOARD

[Docket No. 3350]

IATA AGENCY RESOLUTIONS PROCEEDING

NOTICE OF HEARING

In the matter of the resolutions adopted at the second meeting of Traffic Conferences Nos. 1, 2 and 3 of the International Air Transport Association evidencing agreements between members of the International Air Transport Association relating to agents.

Notice is hereby given pursuant to the Civil Aeronautics Act of 1938, as amended, particularly sections 205 (a), 412 (b), and 1001 of said act, that a hearing in the above-entitled proceeding is assigned to be held July 18, 1949, at 10:00 a. m. (eastern daylight saving time) in Conference Room A, Departmental Auditorium, Constitution Avenue between 12th and 14th Streets NW., Washington, D. C., before Examiner Herbert K. Bryan.

Without limiting the scope of the issues presented by the orders instituting the proceeding, particular attention will be directed to the following matter:

Whether the agency resolutions adopted by the International Air Transport Association, as set forth in the Board's orders E-1595, E-1771, E-2452, E-2453, and E-2454, are adverse to the public interest within the meaning of section 412 (b) of the Civil Aeronautics Act of 1938, as amended.

Notice also is given that any person other than parties of record as of June 28, 1949, desiring to be heard in this proceeding must file on or before July 18, 1949, a statement setting forth the issues of fact or law raised by this proceeding on which he desires to be heard. For further details with respect to this proceeding interested persons are referred to the pertinent orders of the Civil Aeronautics Board on file in the docket.

Dated at Washington, D. C., June 29, 1949.

By the Civil Aeronautics Board.

[SEAL] FRED A. TOOMBS,
Acting Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 49-5412; Filed, July 5, 1949; 8:52 a. m.]

[Docket No. 3623]

S. S. W., INC.; SERVICE TO LAKE TAHOE

NOTICE OF POSTPONMENT OF HEARING

In the matter of the application of S. S. W., Inc., for a permanent or an experimental temporary (for a minimum period of 5 years) certificate of public convenience and necessity and/or a permanent exemption order authorizing scheduled and nonscheduled air transportation of persons and property between the coterminal points Concord and Oakland, California and the terminal point Minden, Nevada.

Notice is hereby given pursuant to the Civil Aeronautics Act of 1938, as amended, that hearing in the above-entitled proceeding, heretofore recessed to July 6, 1949, is postponed to September 6, 1949 at 10:00 a. m. (eastern daylight saving time) in Room 2015, Temporary Building No. 5, Sixteenth Street and Constitution Avenue NW., Washington, D. C., before Examiner Barron Fredricks.

Dated at Washington, D. C., June 30, 1949.

By the Civil Aeronautics Board:

[SEAL] FRED A. TOOMBS,
Acting Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 49-5413; Filed, July 5, 1949; 8:52 a. m.]

FEDERAL POWER COMMISSION

[Docket No. G-1180]

KANSAS-NEBRASKA NATURAL GAS CO., INC.

ORDER FIXING DATE OF HEARING

JUNE 28, 1949.

On March 16, 1949, Kansas-Nebraska Natural Gas Company, Inc. (Applicant), filed an application as amended on May 31, 1949, for a certificate of public convenience and necessity, pursuant to section 7 of the Natural Gas Act, as amended, authorizing the construction and operation of facilities, subject to the jurisdiction of the Commission, for the transportation and sale for resale of natural gas, as more fully described in the application and amended application on file with the Commission and open to public inspection. Due notice of the filing of such application and amended application has been given, including publication in the FEDERAL REGISTER on April 2, 1949, and on June 17, 1949, respectively (14 F. R. 1556, 3294).

The Commission orders:

(A) Pursuant to the authority contained in and subject to the jurisdiction conferred upon the Federal Power Commission by sections 7 and 15 of the Natural Gas Act, as amended, and the Commission's rules of practice and procedure, a public hearing be held commencing on the 20th day of July 1949, at 10:00 a. m., e. d. s. t., in the Hearing Room of the Federal Power Commission, 1800 Pennsylvania Avenue NW., Washington, D. C., concerning the matters presented and the issues involved in said application and amended application, and other pleadings, including intervening petitions.

(B) Interested State commissions may participate as provided by §§ 1.8 and 1.37 (f) of the said rules of practice and procedure.

Date of issuance: June 29, 1949.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] LEON M. FUQUAY,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 49-5385; Filed, July 5, 1949; 8:46 a. m.]

[Docket Nos. G-1188, G-1201]

TENNESSEE GAS TRANSMISSION CO. AND CENTRAL KENTUCKY NATURAL GAS CO.

NOTICE OF FINDINGS AND ORDERS ISSUING CERTIFICATES OF PUBLIC CONVENIENCE AND NECESSITY

JUNE 29, 1949.

Notice is hereby given that, on June 28, 1949, the Federal Power Commission issued its findings and orders entered June 28, 1949, issuing certificates of public convenience and necessity in the above-designated matters.

[SEAL] LEON M. FUQUAY,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 49-5387; Filed, July 5, 1949; 8:47 a. m.]

[Docket No. G-1232]

WASHINGTON GAS LIGHT CO. ET AL.

ORDER INSTITUTING INVESTIGATION

JUNE 28, 1949.

In the matters of Washington Gas Light Company, Potomac Gas Company, and Prince George's Gas Corporation; Docket No. G-1232.

Washington Gas Light Company, a corporation organized and existing under Federal statutes, is engaged in the transportation in interstate commerce of natural gas produced in Kentucky, West Virginia, and other states and is engaged in the sale of such natural gas for resale for ultimate public consumption to domestic, commercial and industrial consumers in Maryland and Virginia by means of its natural-gas pipelines and appurtenant facilities located in the District of Columbia and is a natural-gas company within the meaning of the Natural Gas Act.

Potomac Gas Company is a corporation organized and existing under and by virtue of the laws of the State of Virginia, with its principal office at Arlington, Virginia, and is engaged on occasion in the transportation of natural gas in interstate commerce from a point near Dranesville, Virginia, to a point of connection with the facilities of Rosslyn Gas Company in Arlington, Virginia, and is a natural-gas company within the meaning of the Natural Gas Act. Washington Gas Light Company owns all of the outstanding stock of both the Potomac Gas Company and the Rosslyn Gas Company.

Prince George's Gas Corporation is organized and existing under and by virtue of the laws of the State of Maryland, with its principal office at Chillum, Maryland, and is engaged in the transportation of natural gas in interstate commerce from a point near Rockville, Maryland, to a point of connection with the facilities of Washington Gas Light Company, and is a natural-gas company within the meaning of the Natural Gas Act. Natural gas so transported by Prince George's Gas Corporation is sold by Washington Gas Light Company to Rosslyn Gas Company for distribution in Virginia and to Washington Gas Light Company of Maryland, Inc., for distribution in Maryland. Washington Gas

Light Company owns all of the outstanding stock of Prince George's Gas Corporation.

Pursuant to the terms and conditions of section 4 (c) of the Natural Gas Act and the Commission's orders, rules and regulations, the Washington Gas Light Company on April 1, 1949, filed with the Commission its FPC Gas Tariff Original Volume No. 1 containing its rates, charges, classifications, practices and regulations pertaining to the sale for resale of natural gas in interstate commerce.

Pursuant to the terms and conditions of section 4 (c) of the Natural Gas Act and the Commission's orders, rules and regulations, the Potomac Gas Company on April 1, 1949, filed with the Commission its FPC Gas Tariff Original Volume No. 1 pertaining to its contracts and agreements for transportation of natural gas in interstate commerce.

Pursuant to the terms and conditions of section 4 (c) of the Natural Gas Act and the Commission's orders, rules and regulations, Prince George's Gas Company on April 1, 1949, filed with the Commission its FPC Gas Tariff Original Volume No. 1 pertaining to its contracts and agreements for transportation of natural gas in interstate commerce.

On April 25, 1948, in Docket No. G–1198, the Arlington County, Virginia, Board of Arlington County, filed a complaint with the Commission against the Washington Gas Light Company and the Potomac Gas Company alleging, among other things, that the price or rate charged by the Washington Gas Light Company in the sale of natural gas to Rosslyn Gas Company, for resale to domestic, commercial and small industrial consumers in Arlington County, Virginia, is unjust, unreasonable, and unduly discriminatory in that, among other things, the price paid by Washington Gas Light Company to Atlantic Seaboard Corporation, also a natural-gas company, is a rate of approximately 33 cents per Mcf; that such gas is transported by Potomac Gas Company a distance of 18 miles and sold by Washington Gas Light Company to the Rosslyn Gas Company at a rate or price of approximately 53 cents per Mcf which retail price is substantially in excess of the cost of transportation plus the cost of the gas purchased by Washington Gas Light Company. The Arlington County Board prays that the Commission upon the basis of the complaint or upon its own motion investigate and determine the fair, just, reasonable and non-discriminatory rate charged by the Washington Gas Light Company for natural gas delivered to the Rosslyn Gas Company and for such other further relief as may appear just and equitable to the Commission.

On May 23, 1949, Potomac Gas Company and Washington Gas Light Company filed with the Commission their answer to the complaint of Arlington County Board, admitting and denying portions of the complaint and alleging that the sole operation of Potomac is transportation and on a limited number of occasions, only, has Potomac transported gas for delivery to a point within the municipal limits of Arlington. Further, Washington alleges that it makes sales of natural gas to Rosslyn for public distribution in the City of Alexandria as well as in Fairfax County in addition to Arlington County, and that the rate charged Rosslyn is 51.7 cents per Mcf for gas containing 1100 B. t. u. per cubic foot. Potomac and Washington allege that the said rate is not excessive, unjust or unreasonable, and that said rate has been in effect since July 1, 1946, and with the exception of the present complaint no proceeding has been instituted against either of the Defendants with respect to said rate.

The Commission finds: It is necessary and proper in the public interest and to aid in the enforcement of the provisions of the Natural Gas Act that an investigation be instituted by the Commission on its own motion into and concerning all rates, charges, classifications, rules, regulations, practices, contracts and transportation arrangements subject to the jurisdiction of the Commission of the Washington Gas Light Company, Potomac Gas Company, and Prince George's Gas Corporation.

The Commission, on its own motion, orders:

(A) An investigation of the Washington Gas Light Company, Potomac Gas Company and Prince George's Gas Corporation be and is hereby instituted for the purpose of enabling the Commission:

(1) To determine, with respect to said companies and each of them, whether in connection with the sale or the transportation of natural gas by said companies subject to the jurisdiction of the Commission, any rate, charge, or classification demanded, observed, charged or collected or any rule, regulation, practice or contract affecting such rate, charge, or classification is unjust, unreasonable or unduly discriminatory; and

(2) If the Commission, after hearing, shall find that any such rate, charge, classification, rule, regulation, practice, or contract is unjust, unreasonable, or unduly discriminatory to determine and fix by appropriate order or orders just, reasonable, and nondiscriminatory rates, charges, classifications, rules, regulations, practices, or contracts to be thereafter observed and in force.

Date of issuance: June 29, 1949.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] LEON M. FUQUAY, *Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 49–5408; Filed, July 5, 1949; 8:50 a. m.]

[Docket No. E–6216]

ATLANTIC CITY ELECTRIC CO.

NOTICE OF ORDER AUTHORIZING AND APPROVING MERGER OF FACILITIES

JUNE 29, 1949.

Notice is hereby given that, on June 24, 1949, the Federal Power Commission issued its order entered June 23, 1949, in the above-designated matter, authorizing and approving merger of the facilities of Atlantic City Electric Company with those of South Jersey Power & Light Company.

[SEAL] LEON M. FUQUAY, *Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 49–5386; Filed, July 5, 1949; 8:47 a. m.]

[Docket No. IT–6055]

GULF OIL CORP.

NOTICE OF ORDER APPROVING EXTENSION OF TIME FOR MAINTENANCE AND USE OF PERMANENT CONNECTION FOR EMERGENCY PURPOSES ONLY

JUNE 29, 1949.

Notice is hereby given that, on June 23, 1949, the Federal Power Commission issued its order entered June 22, 1949, approving an extension, until December 31, 1950, of the period authorizing the maintenance and use of permanent connection for emergency purposes in the above-designated matter.

[SEAL] LEON M. FUQUAY, *Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 49–5388; Filed, July 5, 1949; 8:47 a. m.]

[Docket No. IT–6065]

MAGNOLIA PETROLEUM CO.

NOTICE OF ORDER APPROVING EXTENSION OF TIME FOR MAINTENANCE AND USE OF PERMANENT CONNECTION FOR EMERGENCY PURPOSES ONLY

JUNE 29, 1949.

Notice is hereby given that, on June 28, 1949, the Federal Power Commission issued its order entered June 27, 1949, approving an extension, until December 31, 1950, of the period authorizing the maintenance and use of permanent connection for emergency purposes in the above-designated matter.

[SEAL] LEON M. FUQUAY, *Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 49–5389; Filed, July 5, 1949; 8:47 a. m.]

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

[File Nos. 70–1837, 70–2066]

NORTH AMERICAN CO. AND UNION ELECTRIC CO. OF MISSOURI

ORDER SEPARATING FOR DISPOSITION AND GRANTING APPLICATION AND PERMITTING DECLARATION TO BECOME EFFECTIVE

At a regular session of the Securities and Exchange Commission held at its office in the city of Washington, D. C., on the 28th day of June 1949.

In the matter of The North American Company and Union Electric Company of Missouri, File No. 70–1837; in the matter of The North American Company and Union Electric Company of Missouri, File No. 70–2066.

The North American Company ("North American"), a registered holding company, and its subsidiary, Union Electric Company of Missouri ("Union"), a reg-

istered holding company and an electric utility company, having filed a joint application and declaration (File No. 70–1837) pursuant to the provisions of sections 6 (a), or 6 (a) and 7, 9 (a) and 10 of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935 ("act") and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder regarding the following transactions:

North American owns 100% of the outstanding common stock and 96.23% of the outstanding voting stock of Union. Union proposes to issue and sell to North American on or before June 30, 1949, and North American proposes to acquire, 367,500 additional shares of Union's common stock, without par value, for an aggregate consideration of $5,000,000; and

Said joint application-declaration having been consolidated by order of the Commission with a joint application-declaration (File No. 70–2066) filed by North American and Union regarding a modification of the Commission's order dated April 14, 1942, under section 11 (b) (1) of the act, to the extent necessary to permit North American, following the acquisition by it from its subsidiary, North American Light & Power Company, of all of the common stock of Missouri Power & Light Company to transfer its entire holdings of 1,500,0000 shares of such Missouri common stock to Union and to acquire from Union, in consideration therefor, 600,000 additional shares of Union's common stock; and

Public hearings having been held, after appropriate notice, in the consolidated proceedings, said hearings not having been closed, and the applicants-declarants having requested that the proceedings in File No. 70–1837 be separated from the proceedings in File No. 70–2066 for disposition of the issues, questions and matters involved therein; and having further requested that the Commission issue its order in File No. 70–1837 granting the application and permitting the declaration to become effective on or before June 30, 1949; and

Said application-declaration in File No. 70–1837, having been filed on May 18, 1948, and amendments having been filed thereto on June 24, 1948, and January 18, 1949, respectively, and the transactions proposed therein having been duly authorized by the Missouri Public Service Commission, the only State Commission having jurisdiction over the proposed transactions; and

The Commission having considered the record and deeming it appropriate in the public interest and in the interest of investors and consumers to separate for disposition the proceedings in File No. 70–1837, jurisdiction having been reserved for such purpose; and

The Commission finding with respect to said joint application-declaration in File No. 70–1837 that the requirements of the applicable provisions of the act and rules thereunder are satisfied, and deeming it appropriate in the public interest and the interest of investors and consumers that the said joint application-declaration be granted and permitted to become effective forthwith:

It is ordered, That the proceedings in File No. 70–1837 be, and the same hereby are, separated from the proceedings in File No. 70–2066, for disposition of the issues, questions and matters involved therein.

It is further ordered, That the said joint application-declaration, as amended, in File No. 70–1837 be, and the same hereby is granted and permitted to become effective forthwith, subject to the terms and conditions prescribed in Rule U-24.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] ORVAL L. DUBOIS, *Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 49-5402; Filed, July 5, 1949; 8:49 a. m.]

[File No. 70–2117]

PUBLIC SERVICE CO. OF NEW HAMPSHIRE

ORDER RELEASING JURISDICTION AS TO FEES AND EXPENSES

At a regular session of the Securities and Exchange Commission held at its office in the city of Washington, D. C., on the 29th day of June A. D. 1949.

Public Service Company of New Hampshire ("New Hampshire"), a public utility subsidiary of New England Public Service Company, a registered holding company, having filed an application and amendments thereto with respect to the issue and sale of 104,804 additional shares of its common stock, $10 par value, pursuant to section 6 (b) of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935 and Rule U-50 thereunder; and

The Commission, by orders entered on May 20 and June 14, 1949, having approved said transaction subject to reservation of jurisdiction as to fees and expenses; and

It appearing that, in addition to payments required by law (registration fee $262, Federal revenue tax $1,153, Blue Sky $750), said fees and expenses, actual or estimated, are as follows:

Legal fees	
Ropes, Gray, Best, Coolidge & Rugg, Boston counsel to the company	$8,000
Sullaway Piper Jones Hollis & Godfrey, local counsel to the company	1,200
Choate, Hall & Stewart, independent counsel to the underwriters (to be paid by successful bidder)	4,000
Total legal	13,200
Accounting fees	1,500
Printing	10,500
Transfer agent, registrar and warrant agent	12,200
Miscellaneous (mailing, etc.)	6,000
Grand total (exclusive of payments required by law)	43,400

And New Hampshire having by amendment of its application submitted detailed evidence with respect to legal fees, showing the nature of the services rendered and the amount of time expended thereon; and

The Commission having examined the record with respect to all fees and expenses, and finding that the proposed amounts are not unreasonable and that it is appropriate in the public interest to release jurisdiction with respect thereto;

It is ordered, That jurisdiction heretofore reserved with respect to the payment of fees and expenses in this matter be, and the same hereby is, released.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] ORVAL L. DUBOIS, *Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 49-5403; Filed, July 5, 1949; 8:50 a. m.]

[File No. 70–2154]

MICHIGAN CONSOLIDATED GAS CO.

SUPPLEMENTAL ORDER RELEASING JURISDICTION AND GRANTING AND PERMITTING APPLICATION-DECLARATION TO BECOME EFFECTIVE

At a regular session of the Securities and Exchange Commission held at its office in the city of Washington, D. C., on the 28th day of June A. D. 1949.

Michigan Consolidated Gas Company ("Michigan Consolidated"), a public utility subsidiary of American Light & Traction Company, a registered holding company, and Austin Field Pipe Line Company ("Austin"), a subsidiary of Michigan Consolidated, having filed a joint application-declaration and amendments thereto, pursuant to the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935, with respect to the issue and sale by Michigan Consolidated, pursuant to the competitive bidding requirements of Rule U-50, of $25,000,000 principal amount of __% sinking fund debentures due July 1, 1967 and the use of the net proceeds received by Michigan Consolidated from the sale of such debentures for the payment of its outstanding short term bank notes, the redemption of its outstanding preferred stock, the expansion of its facilities and the reimbursement of its treasury for expenditures heretofore made for such purposes, and the advance on open account to Austin of the funds necessary to prepay the bank notes of Austin due December 31, 1951, oustanding in the principal amount of $7,250,000; and

The Commission having, by order dated June 20, 1949 granted and permitted to become effective said joint application-declaration, as amended, subject to the condition that the proposed issue and sale of debentures not be consummated until the results of competitive bidding pursuant to Rule U-50 shall have been made a part of this record and a further order shall have been entered by the Commission in the light of the record so completed for which purpose jurisdiction was reserved; and

Michigan Consolidated having filed a further amendment herein stating that in accordance with said order of June 20, 1949 said debentures have been offered for sale pursuant to the competitive bidding requirements of Rule U-50, and that bids have been received for such debentures as follows:

Bidding group headed by—	Coupon	Price to company [1]	Cost to company
	Percent	*Percent*	*Percent*
White, Weld & Co. / Lehman Bros.	3⅞	100.4399	3.8409
Halsey, Stuart & Co., Inc.	3⅞	100.281	3.8532
Smith, Barney & Co. / Blyth & Co., Inc.	3⅞	100.16	3.8626

[1] Plus accrued interest from July 1, 1949.

Said amendment further stating that the bid of White, Weld & Co. and Lehman Brothers as above set out for the debentures has been accepted and that the debentures are to be offered for sale to the public at 101.625% of the principal amount plus accrued interest, resulting in an underwriters' spread of 1.1851% of the principal amount of the debentures; and

The Commission having considered the record and finding no basis for imposing terms and conditions with respect to the price to be paid the company, the interest rate, the redemption prices or the underwriters' spread; and

The Commission finding that the applicable standards of the act and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder have been satisfied and that said joint application-declaration, as amended, should be granted and permitted to become effective forthwith:

It is ordered, Subject to the terms and conditions prescribed in Rule U-24, that the jurisdiction heretofore reserved is hereby released, and said joint application-declaration, as amended, be, and it hereby is, granted and permitted to become effective forthwith.

It is further ordered, That this order shall become effective upon its issuance.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] ORVAL L. DUBOIS, *Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 49-5400; Filed, July 5, 1949; 8:49 a. m.]

HAROLD G. WISE

ORDER REVOKING REGISTRATION AND EXPELLING REGISTRANT FROM NATIONAL SECURITIES ASSOCIATION

At a regular session of the Securities and Exchange Commission, held at its office in the city of Washington, D. C., on the 28th day of June A. D. 1949.

In the matter of Harold G. Wise, 707-8 Hermann Building, Houston, Texas.

Proceedings having been instituted to determine whether the registration of Harold G. Wise as a broker and dealer should be revoked pursuant to section 15 (b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and to determine whether Harold G. Wise should be suspended for a period not exceeding twelve months or expelled from membership in National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc., pursuant to section 15A (*l*) (2) of said act;

A hearing having been held after appropriate notice, and the Commission having this day issued its findings and opinion; on the basis of said findings and opinion

It is ordered, That the registration of the said Harold G. Wise as a broker and dealer be, and it hereby is, revoked, and that the said Harold G. Wise be, and he hereby is, expelled from membership in National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] ORVAL L. DUBOIS, *Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 49-5401; Filed, July 5, 1949; 8:49 a. m.]

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Office of Alien Property

AUTHORITY: 40 Stat. 411, 55 Stat. 839, Pub. Laws 322, 671, 79th Cong., 60 Stat. 50, 925; 50 U. S. C. and Supp. App. 1, 616, E. O. 9193, July 6, 1942, 3 CFR, Cum. Supp., E. O. 9567, June 8, 1945, 3 CFR, 1945 Supp., E. O. 9788, Oct. 14, 1946, 11 F. R. 11981.

[Vesting Order 13454]

GERTRUDE STERTZGEB ALZHEIMER ET AL.

In re: Certificates of deposit owned by Gertrude Stertzgeb Alzheimer and others. D-66-2275-D-1; F-28-23774-86-D-1, incl.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That the persons whose names and last known addresses are as follows:

Name and Address

Gertrude Stertzgeb Alzeheimer, Niemannsweig 147, Kiel, Germany.

Ernst Bohme, Leipsig, C. 1, Thomaskerchof, Germany.

Xaver Egenrieder, Mering Munchnerstrasse 14, Germany.

Margareta Geider, Herrlingen, O/A Beaubeuren, Wuerttemburg, Germany.

Marie Hecker, Wilkelstrasse 39, Karlsruhe en Baden, Germany.

Helen Heidenreich, Mannheim U. 39, Germany.

Moritz Kleefild, Sanitaetstrat, Erfurt, Trommsdorffstrasse 5A, Germany.

Josephine Krafft, c/o Frankfurter Bank, Frankfurt A/M, Germany.

Julie Kurtz, Schafhof bei Kupferzell, Wuerttemburg, Germany.

Mathilde Markel, Darmstadt, Mackensenstrasse 14, Germany.

Anna Ohnmais, Werastrasse 3, Studtgart, Degerloch, Germany.

Theodor Richter, Freital Deuben, Poisentalstrasse 27, Germany.

Sophie Schissel and Maria Schissel, Kant Strasse 9, Koln-Kalk, Germany.

are residents of Germany and nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany);

2. That the property described as follows: All rights and interests evidenced by fifteen (15) Certificates of Deposit for Rock Island, Arkansas and Louisiana Railroad Company First Mortgage 4½% Gold Bonds due March 1, 1934, of the aggregate value of $16,000, issued by the Bondholders Protective Committee for the aforesaid bonds, 120 Broadway, New York, New York, registered in the names of the persons listed on Exhibit A, attached hereto and by reference made a part hereof, bearing the numbers and in the amounts appearing after each name,

is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, the aforesaid nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany);

and it is hereby determined:

3. That to the extent that the persons named in subparagraph 1 hereof are not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany).

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on June 21, 1949.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] DAVID L. BAZELON, *Assistant Attorney General, Director, Office of Alien Property.*

EXHIBIT A—CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT FOR ROCK ISLAND, ARKANSAS AND LOUISIANA RAILROAD COMPANY 4½% GOLD BONDS DUE MARCH 1, 1934

Registered owner	Certificate No.	Face value
Frau Gertrude Stertzgeb Alzheimer.	NM915	$1,000
Dr. Ernst Bohme	NYB116	5,000
Xaver Egenrieder	ND23	500
Frau Consul Margareta Geider	NYB125	2,000
Marie Hecker	ND102	500
Fraulein Helen Heidenreich	NYB96	500
Dr. Med. Moritz Kleefild	NYM107	1,000
Josephine Krafft	ND263	500
	ND264	500
	ND265	500
Frau Julie Kurtz	NYB100	1,000
Mathilde Markel	1671	1,000
Anna Ohnmais	NYB101	1,000
Theodor Richter	NYB95	500
Frau Sophie Schissel and Fraulein Maria Schissel.	ND108	500

[F. R. Doc. 49-5378; Filed, July 1, 1949; 9:01 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 13230]

HERBERT JANKEWITZ

Re: Bank account and checks owned by Herbert Jankewitz. F-28-28621-C-1/E-1.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Herbert Jankewitz whose last known address is % P. O. Box 931, Bremen, Germany, is a resident of Ger-

many and a national of a designated enemy country (Germany).

2. That the property described as follows:

a. That certain debt or other obligation owing to Herbert Jankewitz by the National City Bank of New York, 55 Wall Street, New York, New York, arising out of checking account entitled Herbert Jankewitz, maintained with the aforesaid bank and any and all rights to demand and enforce and collect the same and,

b. Those certain debts or other obligations represented by six (6) checks, drawn by the persons and on the banks whose names are listed below, said checks bearing the numbers, dates and in the amounts set forth opposite the name of each drawer,

No.	Name and address of drawer	Drawee	Date drawn	Amount
T371214	Latvijas Banka, Rega	National City Bank of New York	June 20, 1940	$125.75
35438	Akc. Sab. Liepajas Banka, Riga	Bank of Manhattan Co., N. Y.	June 27, 1940	759.50
1402	Latvijas Kreditbank, Rega	Chase National Bank of New York	June 6, 1940	29.40
35434	Akc. Sab. Liepajas Banka, Riga	Guaranty Trust Co., New York	June 21, 1940	23.10
0066573	Lietuvos Bankas, Kaunas	Irving Trust Co., New York	June 28, 1940	332.78
17	H. Otis, San Francisco	Yokohama Specie, Bank, Ltd	July 22, 1940	297.53

said checks presently in the custody of the National City Bank of New York, New York, together with any and all accruals to the aforesaid debts or other obligations and any and all rights to demand, enforce and collect the same and any and all rights in, to and under the aforesaid checks including the right to possession and presentation for collection and payment of aforesaid checks,

is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by Herbert Jankewitz, the aforesaid national of a designated enemy country (Germany)

and it is hereby determined:

3. That to the extent the person named in subparagraph 1 hereof is not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such person be treated as a national of a designated enemy country (Germany).

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on May 3, 1949.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] DAVID L. BAZELON,
Assistant Attorney General,
Director, Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 49-5416; Filed, July 5, 1949; 8:52 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 13428]

MARIE BLASK

In re: Estate of Marie Blask, deceased. File No. D-28-12097; E. T. sec. 16311.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Rosalie N. Fererberger, whose last known address is Germany, is a resident of Germany and a national of a designated enemy country, (Germany);

2. That all right, title, interest and claim of any kind or character whatsoever of the person identified in subparagraph 1 hereof, in and to the estate of Marie Blask, deceased, is property payable or deliverable to, or claimed by the aforesaid national of a designated enemy country, (Germany);

3. That such property is in the process of administration by the Public Administrator of New York County, as administrator, acting under the judicial supervision of the Surrogate's Court of New York County, New York;

and it is hereby determined:

4. That to the extent that the person identified in subparagraph 1 hereof is not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such person be treated as a national of a designated enemy country, (Germany);

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on June 21, 1949.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] DAVID L. BAZELON,
Assistant Attorney General,
Director, Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 49-5417; Filed, July 5, 1949; 8:52 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 13433]

FREDERICK C. C. H. GROENING

In re: Trust under the will of Frederick C. C. H. Groening, also known as Fred Groening, deceased. D-28-7445; E. T. sec. 16811.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Miss Christiane Rademacher, whose last known address is Germany, is a resident of Germany and a national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

2. That all right, title, interest and claim of any kind or character whatsoever of the person identified in sub-paragraph 1 hereof in and to the trust created under the will of Frederick C. C. H. Groening, also known as Fred Groening, deceased, presently being administered by the American National Bank of Denver, Denver, Colorado,

is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, the aforesaid national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

and it is hereby determined:

3. That to the extent that the person named in subparagraph 1 hereof is not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such person be treated as a national of a designated enemy country (Germany).

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on June 21, 1949.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] DAVID L. BAZELON,
Assistant Attorney General,
Director, Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 49-5418; Filed, July 5, 1949; 8:52 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 13434]

FRED W. HARCK

In re: Estate of Fred W. Harck, deceased. File No. 017-25376.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Albert R. Harck, whose last known address is Germany, is a resident of Germany and a national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

2. That the sum of $327.78 in the possession of V. M. Dearinger, County

Treasurer of Whiteside County, payable to the person named in subparagraph 1 hereof pursuant to order of the Probate Court of Whiteside County, Morrison, Illinois, in the matter of the Estate of Fred W. Harck, deceased, is property payable or deliverable to, or claimed by, the aforesaid national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

3. That such property is in the process of administration by V. M. Dearinger, as County Treasurer of Whiteside County, acting under the judicial supervision of the Probate Court of Whiteside County, Illinois;

and it is hereby determined:

4. That to the extent that the person named in subparagraph 1 hereof is not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such person be treated as a national of a designated enemy country (Germany).

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on June 21, 1949.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] DAVID L. BAZELON,
Assistant Attorney General,
Director, Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 49-5419; Filed, July 5, 1949; 8:52 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 13447]

FERDINAND A. REDMAN

In re: Estate of Ferdinand A. Redman, deceased. File D-28-11954. E. T. sec. 16141.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation it is herby found:

1. That Anna Martha Seyfried nee Redman and Marie Hossfeld nee Redman, whose last known address is Germany, are residents of Germany and nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany);

2. That all right, title, interest and claim of any kind or character whatsoever of the persons named in subparagraph 1 hereof in and to the Estate of Ferdinand A. Redman, deceased, is property payable or deliverable to, or claimed by, the aforesaid nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany);

3. That such property is in the process of administration by B. O. Killin, as Administrator, acting under the judicial supervision of the Superior Court of the State of Washington, in and for the County of Spokane;

and it is hereby determined:

4. That to the extent that the persons named in subparagraph 1 hereof are not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany).

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on June 21, 1949.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] DAVID L. BAZELON,
Assistant Attorney General,
Director, Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 49-5420; Filed, July 5, 1949; 8:53 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 13449]

LEO STEINHAUER

In re: Estate of Leo Steinhauer, deceased. File No. F-28-29262.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Gertrude Schneider, whose last known address is Germany, is a resident of Germany and a national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

2. That all right, title, interest and claim of any kind or character whatsoever of the person named in subparagraph 1 hereof in and to the estate of Leo Steinhauer, deceased, is property payable or deliverable to, or claimed by, the aforesaid national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

3. That such property is in the process of administration by the County Treasurer of the County of Nassau, as Depositary, acting under the judicial supervision of the Surrogate's Court, Nassau County, New York;

and it is hereby determined:

4. That to the extent that the person named in subparagraph 1 hereof is not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such person be treated as a national of a designated enemy country (Germany).

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on June 21, 1949.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] DAVID L. BAZELON,
Assistant Attorney General.
Director, Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 49-5421; Filed, July 5, 1949; 8:53 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 13178, Amdt.]

BEATRIZ KOOPMANN

In re: Bank account, bonds and warrants owned by Beatriz Koopmann, also known as Beatriz Koopman.

Vesting Order 13178, dated April 20, 1949, is hereby amended as follows and not otherwise:

By deleting subparagraph 2 (e) of said Vesting Order 13178 and inserting the following subparagraphs:

(e) Two (2) Dominion Square Corp. 1st Closed Mortgage 4% bonds, of $500.00 and $250.00 face value, bearing the numbers D0721 and Z0592, respectively, presently in the custody of The National City Bank of New York, 55 Wall Street, New York 15, New York, in a custodian account numbered B25201, entitled Mrs. Beatriz Koopmann, together with any and all rights thereunder and thereto, and

(f) Ten (10) shares of no par value common stock of Dominion Square Corp., Montreal, Quebec, evidenced by a certificate numbered B1308, registered in the name of Hurley & Co., 55 Wall Street, New York, New York, and presently in the custody of The National City Bank of New York, 55 Wall Street, New York 15, New York, in a custodian account numbered B25201, entitled Mrs. Beatriz Koopmann, together with all declared and unpaid dividends thereon.

All other provisions of said Vesting Order 13178 and all actions taken by or on behalf of the Attorney General of the United States in reliance thereon, pursuant thereto and under the authority thereof are hereby ratified and confirmed.

Executed at Washington, D. C. on June 21, 1949.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] DAVID L. BAZELON,
Assistant Attorney General,
Director, Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 49-5381; Filed, July 1, 1949; 9:01 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 13464]

NAKAKO MATOBA

In re: Bonds owned by Nakako Matoba. F-39-3477-A-1, F-39-3477-D-1.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Nakako Matoba, whose last known address is Okayama, Japan, is a resident of Japan and a national of a designated enemy country (Japan);

2. That the property described as follows: Two (2) First Mortgage 6% Real Estate Bonds of the United Bond and Finance Corporation, Series B, of $1,000.00 face value each, bearing the numbers M5006 and M5007, respectively, registered in the name of Mrs. Nakako Matoba, together with any and all rights paid dividends thereon,

is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of, or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, the aforesaid national of a designated enemy country (Japan);

and it is hereby determined:

3. That to the extent that the person named in subparagraph 1 hereof is not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such person be treated as a national of a designated enemy country (Japan).

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on June 21, 1949.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] DAVID L. BAZELON,
Assistant Attorney General,
Director, Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 49-5379; Filed, July 1, 1949; 9:01 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 13452]

MARIA ELENA VON OSTMAN AND NATIONAL CITY BANK OF NEW YORK

In re: Trust agreement dated February 24, 1926 between Maria Elena Von Ostman, settlor, and the National City Bank of New York, trustee, as amended. File No. F-28-12558-G-1.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Eberhard Von Ostman, Walter Von Ostman, and Francisca Eberfeldt, whose last known address is Germany, are residents of Germany and nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany);

2. That all right, title, interest and claim of any kind or character whatsoever of the persons named in subparagraph 1 hereof, in and to and arising out of or under that certain trust agreement dated February 24, 1926, by and between Maria Elena Von Ostman, settlor, and the National City Bank of New York, trustee, as amended on December 8, 1928 and on October 10, 1929, presently being administered by City Bank Farmers Trust Company, trustee, 22 William Street, New York 15, New York,

is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, the aforesaid nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany);

and it is hereby determined:

3. That to the extent that the persons named in subparagraph 1 hereof are not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany).

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on June 21, 1949.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] DAVID L. BAZELON,
Assistant Attorney General,
Director, Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 49-5422; Filed, July 5, 1949; 8:53 a. m.]

[Return Order 362]

CREDITO ITALIANO

Having considered the claim set forth below and having issued a determination allowing the claim, which is incorporated by reference herein and filed herewith,

It is ordered, That the claimed property, described below and in the determination, be returned, subject to any increase or decrease resulting from the administration thereof prior to return, and after adequate provision for taxes and conservatory expenses:

Claimant, Claim No., Notice of Intention To Return Published, and Property

Credito Italiano, Direzione Centrale, Milano, Italy, Claim No. 36934; May 11, 1949 (14 F. R. 2519); The excess proceeds of the business and property in the State of New York of Credito Italiano in the possession of the Superintendent of Banks of the State of New York, or which may hereafter come into his possession under and by virtue of the Banking Law of the State of New York, including but not limited to the excess proceeds of all assets of any nature whatsoever, owned or controlled by or payable or deliverable to or held on behalf of or on account of or owing to the New York agency of said Credito Italiano, remaining after the payment of the claims of creditors, accepted or established in accordance with the Banking Law of the State of New York, arising out of transactions had by them with the New York agency of said Credito Italiano or whose names appear as creditors on the books of such agency, together with interest on such claims and the expenses of liquidation.

Appropriate documents and papers effectuating this order will issue.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on June 28, 1949.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] HAROLD I. BAYNTON,
Deputy Director,
Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 49-5424; Filed, July 5, 1949, 8:53 a. m.]

[Return Order 313, Amdt.]

A. LYNDHURST TOWNE

Return Order No. 313, dated May 9, 1949, published in the FEDERAL REGISTER on May 14, 1949 (14 F. R. 2582), is hereby amended as follows and not otherwise:

By deleting under the word claimant the name "A. Lyndhurst Towne" and by substituting therefor the name "Mrs. A. Lyndhurst Towne".

Executed at Washington, D. C. June 28, 1949.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] HAROLD I. BAYNTON,
Deputy Director,
Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 49-5425; Filed, July 5, 1949; 8:53 a. m.]

HUGH F. MCLOUGHLIN

NOTICE OF INTENTION TO RETURN VESTED PROPERTY

Pursuant to section 32 (f) of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, notice is hereby given of intention to return, on or after 30 days from the date of the publication hereof, the following property, subject to any increase or decrease resulting from the administration thereof prior to return, and after adequate provision for taxes and conservatory expenses:

Claimant, Claim No., Property, and Location

Hugh F. McLoughlin, New York, N. Y., 6800; $194.21 in the Treasury of the United States.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on June 29, 1949.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] HAROLD I. BAYNTON,
Deputy Director,
Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 49-5426; Filed, July 5, 1949; 8:53 a. m.]